Greater Nottingham Strategic Plan

The content of this document is unchanged from the previous consultation except for the disclaimer on the next page.



Publication Draft: Sustainability Appraisal Report Appendix B: Baseline data

September 2024

Greater Nottingham









Greater Nottingham Strategic Plan March 2025 Update

Please note that Gedling Borough Council has made the decision to withdraw from the Greater Nottingham Strategic Plan. While the Strategic Plan no longer contains any policies applicable to Gedling Borough, they may incorporate elements of policy within their own plan making. References to Gedling Borough in this document should be considered in this light.

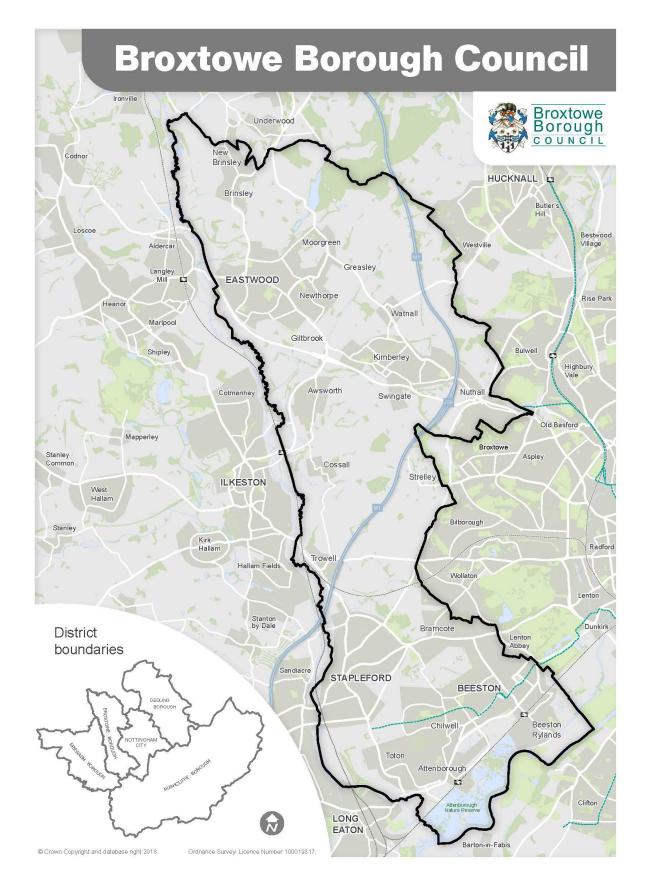
Introduction

This appendix updates and supersedes Appendix B of the Scoping Report (July 2020).

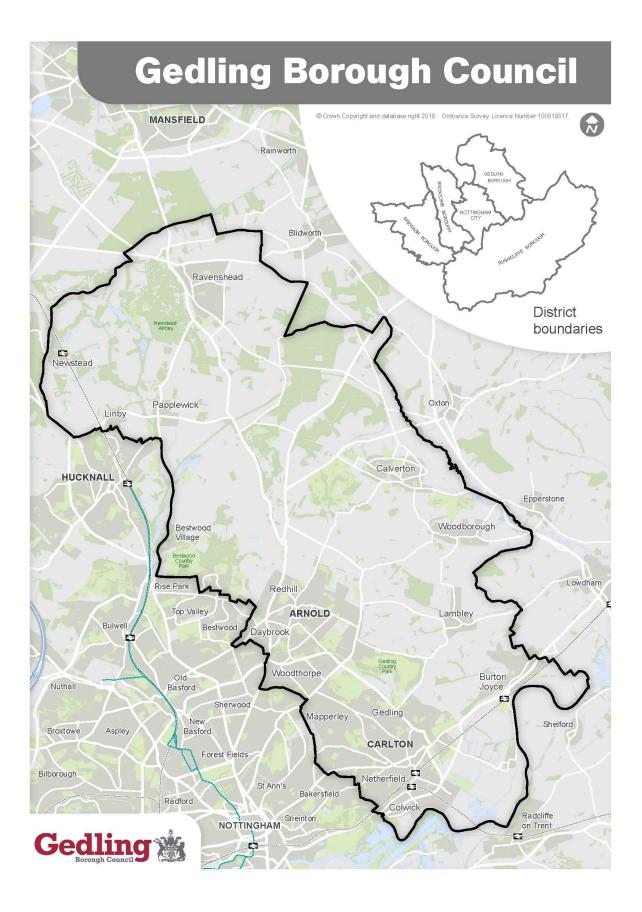
This is an appendix which provides the baseline date for the four council administrative areas (Broxtowe, Gedling, Nottingham City and Rushcliffe). The baseline data has been divided into different themes as shown on the list below. For information, the data is provided for the council area as a whole and does not include data at ward or parish level.

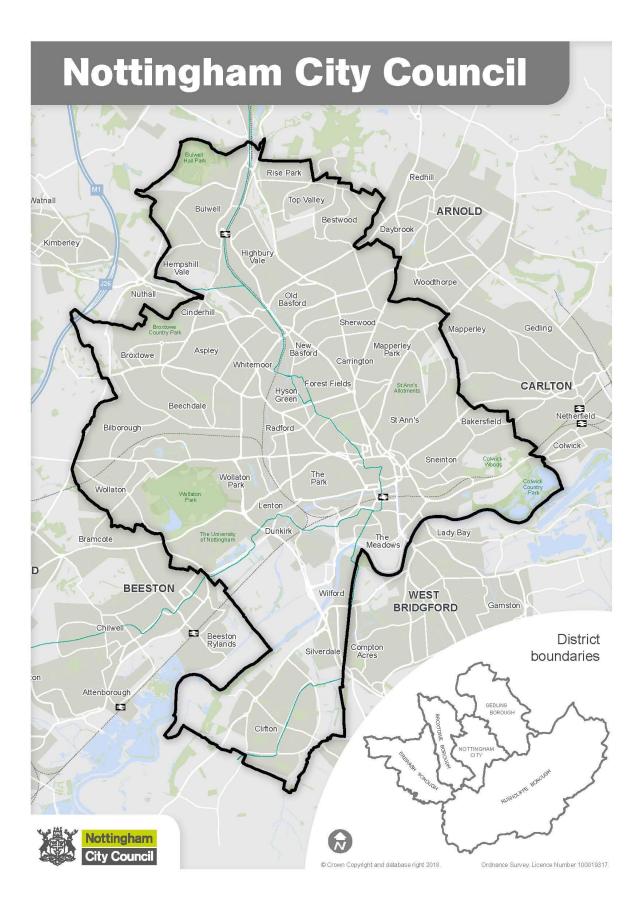
It should be noted that Appendix B of the Scoping Report (July 2020) included baseline data related to Erewash Borough Council administrative area. As Erewash Borough Council has prepared a separate Strategic Plan and a separate Sustainability Appraisal, the baseline data related to Erewash Borough Council is not included in this updated appendix.

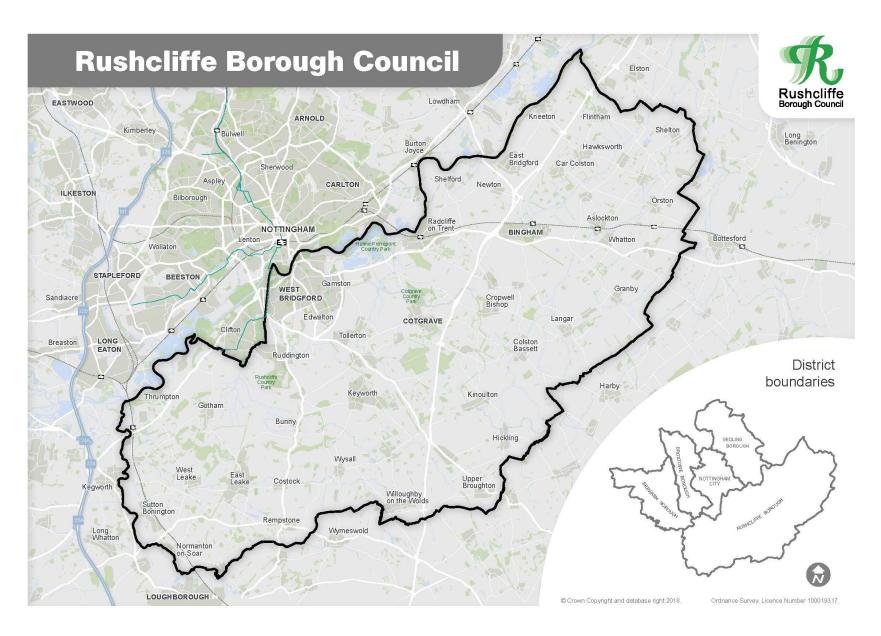
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| 62 |
| 72 |
| 73 |
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Characteristics of the council administrative areas







| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|---|----------|-----------|------------|------------|
| Size of administrative area (ha) | 8,010 ha | 11,998 ha | 7,461 ha | 40,920 ha |
| Size of the council area by hectares. | | | | |
| Source:- | | | | |
| Local authorities | | | | |
| Population density (people per ha) | 13.8 | 9.8 | 43.4 | 2.9 |
| Figures based on data from "Size of | | | | |
| administrative area (ha)" and "Population | _ | | | |
| total". | | | | |
| Source:- | | | | |
| ONS website (Dataset TS006 – | | | | |
| Population Density) ¹ | | | | |

¹ https://www.nomisweb.co.uk/datasets/c2021ts006

Population and demographics

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|--|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Population – total | 2021: 110,900 | <u>202</u> 1: 117,300 | 2021: 323,600 | 2021: 119,000 |
| Total number of population. | 2011: 109,700 | 2011: 113,700 | 2011: 303,900 | 2011: 111,200 |
| Source:- | | | | |
| ONS website | | | | |
| Population – by males and females | 2021 | <u>2021</u> | <u>2021</u> | <u>2021</u> |
| | Males: 56,700 | Males: 60,400 | Males: 164,700 | Males: 60,700 |
| Number of males and females of the | Females: 54,200 | Females: 56,900 | Females: 159,000 | Females: 58,300 |
| population. Figures do not always tally | | | | |
| with the figures as shown in "Population – | <u>2017</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2017</u> |
| total". | Males: 56,000 | Males: 57,100 | Males: 166,800 | Males: 57,100 |
| | Females: 56,700 | Females: 60,000 | Females: 162,400 | Females: 58,900 |
| Source:- | | | | |
| ONS website | <u>2011</u> | <u>2011</u> | <u>2011</u> | <u>2011</u> |
| | Males: 54,300 | Males: 55,500 | Males: 153,200 | Males: 54,800 |
| | Females: 55,500 | Females: 58,300 | Females: 150,700 | Females: 56,500 |
| Population – black and minority ethnic (BME) | 2021: 15.5% | 2021: 14.4% | 2021: 42.7% | 2021: 13.9% |
| | 2011: 10.5% | 2011: 9.7% | 2011: 34.6% | 2011: 9.7% |
| Percentage of the population which | | | | |
| consists of black and minority ethnic | 2001: 6.8% | 2001: 6.1% | 2001: 18.9% | 2001: 6.7% |
| groups (i.e. all categories except White | | | | |
| British). | | | | |
| Source:- | | | | |
| ONS website | | | | |

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Population – young people | 2021: 8,917 (8.0%) | 2021: 7,273 (6.2%) | 2021: 65,231 (20.2%) | 2021: 8,699 (7.3%) |
| | | | | |
| Number and percentage of the population | 2017: 8,600 (7.4%) | 2017: 8,100 (6.9%) | 2017: 66,000 (20.1%) | 2017: 8,400 (7.2%) |
| aged 18 to 24. | | | | |
| | 2011: 8,700 (7.7%) | 2011: 8,800 (7.7%) | 2011: 57,800 (19.0%) | 2011: 8,800 (7.9%) |
| Source:- | | | | |
| ONS website | | | | |
| Population – working age | 2021: 68,319 (61.6%) | 2021: 71,170 (60.7%) | 2021: 226,351 (70.0%) | 2021: 71,983 (60.4%) |
| | 2017: 70,000 (64.6%) | | | |
| Number and percentage of the population | 2016: 69,900 (62.3%) | 2017: 71,900 (61.4%) | 2017: 229,900 (69.8%) | 2017: 70,300 (61%) |
| aged 16 to 64 years. | 2015: 70,100 (62.7%) | 2016: 72,100 (61.8%) | 2016: 227,100 (69.8%) | 2016: 70,300 (61%) |
| | 2014: 70,100 (62.9%) | 2015: 72,000 (62.0%) | 2015: 222,500 (69.8%) | 2015: 70,300 (61%) |
| Source:- | | 2014: 72,100 (62.3%) | 2014: 219,100 (69.7%) | 2014: 70,000 (62%) |
| ONS website | 2011: 70,900 (64.6%) | | | |
| | | 2011: 70,100 (63.0%) | 2011: 212,600 (70%) | 2011: 70,100 (63%) |
| Population –65 or over | 2021; 24,224 (21.8%) | 2021: 25,285 | 2021; 37,965 (11.7%) | 2021; 25,741 (21.3%) |
| | | (21.6%) | | |
| Number and percentage of the population | 2017: 23,400 (20.8%) | | 2017: 37,800 (11.5%) | 2017: 24,300 (21.0%) |
| at the age of 65 or over. | 2016: 23,100 (20.6%) | 2017: 24,200 (20.7%) | 2016: 37,500 (11.6%) | 2016: 23,800 (20.7%) |
| | 2015: 22,700 (20.3%) | 2016: 23,800 (20.4%) | 2015: 37,200 (11.7%) | 2015: 23,400 (20.4%) |
| Source:- | 2014: 22,300 (20.0%) | 2015: 23,500 (20.2%) | 2014: 37,000 (11.8%) | 2014: 22,900 (20.2%) |
| ONS website | | 2014: 23,100 (19.9%) | | |
| | 2011: 20,200 (18.4%) | | 2011: 35,600 (11.7%) | 2011: 20,600 (18.5%) |
| | | 2011: 21,200 (18.6%) | | |

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
| English Index of Multiple Deprivation | <u>2019:</u> | <u>2019:</u> | <u>2019:</u> | <u>2019:</u> |
| | 220 out of 317 | 209 out of 317 | 11 out of 317 | 314 out of 317 |
| The local authority district with a rank of 1 | | | | |
| is the most deprived, and 317 the least | <u>2015:</u> | <u>2015:</u> | <u>2015:</u> | <u>2015:</u> |
| deprived for 2019 | 218 out of 326 | 203 out of 326 | 8 out of 326 | 319 out of 326 |
| (326 the least deprived for 2010 and | | | | |
| 2015). | <u>2010:</u> | <u>2010:</u> | <u>2010:</u> | <u>2010:</u> |
| | 216 out of 326 | 199 out of 326 | 20 out of 326 | 318 out of 326 |
| At the time of publication of the IMD 2019 | | | | |
| there were 317 local authorities in | See also File 7: all |
| England. At the time of publication of the | ranks, deciles and | ranks, deciles and | ranks, deciles and | ranks, deciles and |
| IMD 2010 and IMD 2015 there were 326 | scores for the indices |
| local authorities in England. For | of deprivation for super |
| clarification, the 'rank of average score' | output areas (SOAs) | output areas (SOAs) | output areas (SOAs) | output areas (SOAs) |
| figures are used. | within Broxtowe. | within Gedling. | within Nottingham City. | within Rushcliffe. |
| | | | | |
| Source:- | Online map is | Online map is | Online map is | Online map is |
| www.gov.uk website ² (File 10: local | available at the | available at the | available at the | available at the |
| authority district summaries) | following webpage | following webpage | following webpage | following webpage |
| | http://dclgapps.commu | http://dclgapps.commu | http://dclgapps.commu | http://dclgapps.commu |
| | nities.gov.uk/imd/iod_i | nities.gov.uk/imd/iod_i | nities.gov.uk/imd/iod_i | <u>nities.gov.uk/imd/iod_i</u> |
| | <u>ndex.html#</u> | <u>ndex.html#</u> | <u>ndex.html#</u> | <u>ndex.html#</u> |

² https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/english-indices-of-deprivation

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Number of housing completions | 2011 to2023 | 2011 to2023: | 2011 to 2023: | 2011 to 2023: |
| (net) | 2,583 | 3,746 | 14,354 | 6,747 |
| Net housing completions include new build dwellings, conversions and changes of use and take account of existing dwelling losses. Main figures also include purpose-built student dwellings (units only). | 2022/23: 332 2021/22: 306 2020/21: 267 2019/20: 236 2018/19: 301 2017/18: 324 | 2022/23: 690 2021/22: 357 2020/21: 310 2019/20: 360 2018/19: 286 2017/18: 237 | 2022/23: 1,944 2021/22: 1,722 2020/21: 1,407 2019/20: 1,806 2018/19: 1,456 2017/18: 1,393 | 2022/23: 1,150 2021/22: 1,011 2020/21: 650 2019/20: 494 2018/19: 760 2017/18: 593 |
| * The figure is higher than the net completions figure due to a large number of demolitions and other dwelling losses during that year (a net change of -22 dwellings). | 2016/17: 285 2015/16: 100 2014/15: 78 2013/14: 150 2012/13: 67 2011/12: 140 | 2016/17: 198 2015/16: 174 2014/15: 311 2013/14: 321 2012/13: 227 2011/12: 275 | 2016/17: 974 2015/16: 947 2014/15: 1,022 2013/14: 463 2012/13: 799 2011/12: 422 | 2016/17: 528 2015/16: 487 2014/15: 373 2013/14: 199 2012/13: 209 2011/12: 293 |
| Source:- Local authorities | Purpose-built student dwellings including conversions <u>2011 to 2023:</u> 45 2022/23: 0 2021/22: 0 2020/21: 5 2019/20: 24 2018/19: 16 No data available for 2011/12 to 2017/18. | No purpose-built student dwellings built. | Purpose-built student dwellings 2011 to 2023: 7,311 2022/23: 1,006 2021/22: 965 2020/21: 734 2019/20: 662 2018/19: 588 2017/18: 615 2016/17: 940 2015/16: 206 2014/15: 364 2013/14: 297 2012/13: 490 2011/12: 444 * | No purpose-built student dwellings built. |

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|--|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Number of housing completions – | 2011 to 2023: | 2011 to 2023: 530 | 2011 to 2023: 1,615 | 2011 to 2023: |
| affordable | 411 (16%) | (14%) | (11%) | 1,328 (20%) |
| | | | | |
| Affordable housing includes social | 2022/23: 67 (20%) | 2022/23: 124 (18%) | 2022/23: 107 (11.4%) | 2022/23: 335 (29%) |
| rented, affordable rented and | 2021/22: 40 (13%) | 2021/22: 37 (10%) | 2021/22: 75 (9.8%) | 2021/22: 174 (17%) |
| intermediate housing. It can be a new- | 2020/21: 38 (14%) | 2020/21: 7 (2%) | 2020/21: 83 (12.3%) | 2020/21: 92 (14%) |
| build property or a private sector | 2019/20: 16 (7%) | 2019/20: 19 (5%) | 2019/20: 19 (1.6%) | 2019/20: 108 (22%) |
| property that has been purchased for | 2018/19: 43 (14%) | 2018/19: 50 (17%) | 2018/19: 173 (19.5%) | 2018/19: 210 (28%) |
| use as an affordable home. | 2017/18: 8 (2%) | 2017/18: 52 (22%) | 2017/18: 267 (33%) | 2017/18: 128 (22%) |
| | 2016/17: 20 (7%) | 2016/17: 39 (20%) | 2016/17: 141 (21%) | 2016/17: 78 (15%) |
| Source:- | 2015/16: 23 (23%) | 2015/16: 18 (10%) | 2015/16: 254 (34%) | 2015/16: 96 (20%) |
| Local authorities | 2014/15: 55 (70%) | 2014/15: 38 (12%) | 2014/15: 161 (24%) | 2014/15: 51 (14%) |
| | 2013/14: 56 (37%) | 2013/14: 56 (17%) | 2013/14: 88 (17%) | 2013/14: 1 (0.5%) |
| | 2012/13: 13 (12%) | 2012/13: 36 (16%) | 2012/13: 92 (25%) | 2012/13: 42 (20%) |
| | 2011/12: 32 (23%) | 2011/12: 54 (20%) | 2011/12: 155 (56%) | 2011/12: 13 (4%) |
| | | | All gross figures excluding | |
| | | | purpose-built student | |
| | | | dwellings. | |
| Census 2021 housing type – by | All dwellings: | All dwellings: | All dwellings: | All dwellings: |
| dwelling type | 48,275 | 51,330 | 124,591 | 49,497 |
| Number of detached houses, semi- | Detached house: | Detached house: | Detached house: 19,464 | Detached house: |
| detached houses, terrace houses and | 17,519 | 20,119 | Semi-detached house: | 23,373 |
| flats, maisonettes or apartments in | Semi-detached | Semi-detached house: | 41,519 | Semi-detached house: |
| 2011. | house: 17,392 | 17,741 | Terraced house: 34,147 | 15,394 |
| | Terraced house: | Terraced house: 7,672 | Flat, maisonette or | Terraced house: 5,600 |
| Source:- | 7.816 | Flat, maisonette or | apartment: 29,461 | Flat, maisonette or |
| ONS website | Flat, maisonette or | apartment: 5,798 | | apartment: 5,130 |
| | apartment: 5,548 | | | |

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Number of housing completions – | 2011 to 2023:- | 2011 to2023:- | 2011 to 2023:- | 2011 to 2023:- |
| by dwelling type and size | Houses/bungalows | Houses/bungalows | 1 bed: 35.9% | Houses/bungalows |
| | 1 bed: 59 (2%) | 1 bed: 27 (1%) | 2 bed 31.5% | 1 bed: 78(1.2%) |
| Number of houses/bungalows and | 2 bed: 373 (14%) | 2 bed: 473 (13%) | 3 bed: 24.8% | 2 bed: 1,000(14.8%) |
| flats, maisonettes or apartments by | 3 bed: 852 (33%) | 3 bed: 1,052 (30%) | 4+ bed: 13.6% | 3 bed: 1,834(27.1%) |
| bedroom size since 2011. Figures | 4+ bed: 721 (28%) | 4+ bed: 1,428 (40%) | | 4+bed: 2,603 (38.5%) |
| exclude conversions and changes of | | | Figures are not available. | |
| use. | Flats, maisonettes or | Flats, maisonettes or | Only the percentages are | Flats, maisonettes or |
| | apartments | apartments | provided. | apartments |
| Source:- | 1 bed: 435 (17%) | 1 bed: 214 (6%) | | 1 bed: 542(8%) |
| Local authorities | 2 bed: 324 (13%) | 2 bed: 337 (10%) | | 2 bed: 648(9.6%) |
| | 3 bed: 29 (1%) | 3 bed: 0 (0%) | | 3 bed: 48(0.7%) |
| | 4+ bed: 76 (3%) | 4+ bed: 0 (0%) | | 4+ bed: 11(0.1%) |
| Average house prices | July 2023 | July 2023 | July 2023 | July 2023 |
| - . | £249,735 | £241,699 | £195,187 | £348,707 |
| Average house prices for all property | | | | |
| types (detached, semi-detached, | March 2019 | March 2019 | March 2019 | March 2019 |
| terraced and flats). | £184,288 | £183,758 | £141,976 | £273,957 |
| | | | | |
| Source:- | March 2011 | March 2011 | March 2011 | March 2011 |
| HM Land Registry UK House Price | £135,441 | £130,592 | £98,274 | £195,468 |
| Index | | | | |
| http://landregistry.data.gov.uk/app/ukh | | | | |
| <u>pi</u> | Nottinghamshire | Nottinghamshire | Nottinghamshire: | Nottinghamshire |
| | <u>July 2023:</u> | See Broxtowe column | See Broxtowe column for | See Broxtowe column |
| | £232,472 | for data | data | for data |
| | | | | |
| | March 2019: | | | |
| | £174,500 | | | |
| | | | | |
| | March 2011: | | | |
| | £128,774 | | | |

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|--|---------------|--------------|----------------------|-------------|
| Number of homelessness | 2022/23: 353 | 2022/23: 286 | 2022/23: 429 | 2022/23: 31 |
| acceptances | 2021/:22: 352 | 2021/22: 268 | 2021/22: 393 | 2021/22:26 |
| | 2020/21: 192 | 2020/21: 288 | 2020/21: 397 | 2020/21:6 |
| Number of households accepted as | 2019/20: 325 | 2019/20: 358 | 2019/20: 294 | 2019/20: 4 |
| homeless and in priority need. The | 2018/19: 199 | 2018/19: 351 | 2018/19: unavailable | 2018/19: 3 |
| Homelessness Reduction Act 2017 | 2017/18: 16 | 2017/18: 99 | 2017/18: 541 | 2017/18: 28 |
| came into force on 3 April 2018 and it | 2016/17: 12 | 2016/17: 100 | 2016/17: 492 | 2016/17: 22 |
| has extended the definition of | 2015/16: 9 | 2015/16: 75 | 2015/16: 597 | 2015/16: 20 |
| homelessness. | 2014/15: 10 | 2014/15: 74 | 2014/15: 532 | 2014/15: 14 |
| | 2013/14: 10 | 2013/14: 51 | 2013/14: 449 | 2013/14: 13 |
| Source:- | 2012/13: 10 | 2012/13: 56 | 2012/13: 481 | 2012/13: 33 |
| Local authorities | 2011/12: 3 | 2011/12: 63 | 2011/12: 617 | 2011/12: 34 |

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Number of vacant dwellings – by | <u>2022:</u> | 2022: | <u>2022:</u> | <u>2022:</u> |
| type | All vacants: 1,377 | All vacants: 1,357 | All vacants: 4,559 | All vacants: 1,280 |
| | LA owned: 151 | LA owned: 0 | LA owned: 456 | LA owned: 0 |
| Number of vacant dwellings. | Private Register | Private Register | Private Register | Private Register |
| | Provider: 9 | Provider: 24 | Provider: 69 | Provider: 69 |
| Up until April 2013, dwellings | Other Public Sector: | Other Public Sector: no | Other Public Sector: no | Other Public Sector: no |
| undergoing major structural repairs for | no data | data | data | data |
| up to 12 months and those vacant for | | | | |
| less than 6 months were eligible for a | <u>2018:</u> | <u>2018:</u> | <u>2018:</u> | <u>2018:</u> |
| council tax exemption (Class A and C | All vacants: 1,258 | All vacants: 1,313 | All vacants: 4,116 | All vacants: 1,231 |
| respectively). In April 2013, these | LA owned: 41 | LA owned: 2 | LA owned: 347 | LA owned: 0 |
| exemptions were replaced with a new | Private Register | Private Register | Private Register | Private Register |
| flexible discount which applied to all | Provider: 14 | Provider: 37 | Provider: 63 | Provider: 15 |
| empty properties. Local authorities are | Other Public Sector: | Other Public Sector: no | Other Public Sector: no | Other Public Sector: no |
| now entitled to apply any level of | no data | data | data | data |
| discount from 0% to 100% to all | | | | |
| empty properties. | <u>2011:</u> | <u>2011:</u> | <u>2011:</u> | <u>2011:</u> |
| | All vacants: 1,526 | All vacants: 1,737 | All vacants: 4,572 | All vacants: 1,375 |
| Source:- | LA owned: 74 | LA owned: 0 | LA owned: 842 | LA owned: 0 |
| www.gov.uk website ³ (Table 615 All | Private Register | Private Register | Private Register | Private Register |
| vacant dwellings by local authority | Provider: 33 | Provider: 35 | Provider: 163 | Provider: 34 |
| district, England) | Other Public Sector: 74 | Other Public Sector: 0 | Other Public Sector: 26 | Other Public Sector: 65 |

³ <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/statistical-data-sets/live-tables-on-dwelling-stock-including-vacants</u>

<u>Economy</u>

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|--|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| Number of employee jobs | 2021: 36,500 | 2021: 31,500 | 2021: 200,400 | 2021: 41,000 |
| | 2020: 35,300 | 2020: 30,300 | 2020: 194,200 | 2020: 41,600 |
| Employee job numbers from Business | 2019: 37,200 | 2019: 29,500 | 2019: 197,100 | 2019: 42,400 |
| Register and Employment Survey. An | 2018: 37,100 | 2018: 30,900 | 2018: 195,500 | 2018: 42,100 |
| employee is defined as anyone aged 16 | 2017: 38,500 | 2017: 32,400 | 2017: 196,500 | 2017: 40,400 |
| years or over that is paid directly from the | 2016: 36,300 | 2016: 31,400 | 2016: 219,000 | 2016: 40,600 |
| payroll, in return for carrying out a full- | 2015: 35,600 | 2015: 30,300 | 2015: 215,300 | 2015: 38,900 |
| time or part-time job or being on a | | | | |
| training scheme. Employment includes | | | | |
| employees plus the number of working | | | | |
| owners who receive drawings or a share | | | | |
| of the profits. Full-time is defined as | | | | |
| working more than 30 hours per week | | | | |
| with part-time defined as working 30 | | | | |
| hours or less per week. | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Source:- | | | | |
| ONS website | | | | |

Key Employers

The below list of top 20 key employers is from the list of Nottinghamshire's Top 200 Companies for 2022 released by Nottingham Post. Nottingham Trent University's Nottingham Business School has compiled the list which ranks businesses by turnover.

Source:-

Nottinghamshire's Top 200 Businesses 2022: The Top 20 - Business Live (business-live.co.uk)

1 BOOTS UK LIMITED BOOTS MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED THE BOOTS COMPANY PLC BOOTS OPTICIANS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES LIMITED Company Description: Pharmacy-led health and beauty retailing. 2019 Rank: 1 Revenue: £8.68 billion Number of employees: 43,742

2 PENDRAGON PLC Company Description: Retailing of used and new vehicles & repair of vehicles (aftersales). Also provides dealer management software. 2019 Rank: 2 Revenue: £4.5 billion Number of employees: 43,742

3 FRASERS GROUP PLC

Company Description: Retailing wholesale distribution and sale of sports and leisure clothing, footwear and equipment under group owned or licensed brands. 2019 Rank: 3 Revenue: £3.95 billion Number of employees:30,179

4 AMALGAMATED HOLDINGS WILKINSON LIMITED

Company Description: A group engaged as high street retailers offering a wide range of value quality products for the family. 2019 Rank: 4 Revenue: £1.46 billion Number of employees: 18,351

5 STAFFLINE GROUP PLC Company Description: Workforce recruitment and management organisation. 2019 Rank: 6 Revenue: £1.07 billion Number of employees: 2,798

6 LANGLEY HOLDINGS PLC

Company Description: A group engaged in the design, manufacture, maintenance and repair of mechanical handling equipment, process plant, road tankers & in cementious grouts and energy. 2019 Rank: 7 Revenue: £694,080,000 Number of employees: 4,440

7 EXPERIAN LIMITED

Company Description: The provision of bureau and information services for consumer credit control, business information, direct marketing and credit account management.

2019 Rank: 8 Revenue: £576,000,000 Number of employees: 3,081

8 CAPITAL ONE (EUROPE) PLC

Company Description: The provision of banking, financial and related services. 2019 Rank: 9 Revenue: £487,177, 000 Number of employees: 1,209

9 CENTER PARCS (HOLDINGS 1) LIMITED

Company Description: A group engaged in the operation of short break holiday villages. 2019 Rank: 10 Revenue: £443,700,000 Number of employees: 8,716

10 XMA LIMITED Company Description: The provision of computer products and services. 2019 Rank: 11 Revenue: £413,377,000 Number of employees: 477

11 VISION EXPRESS (UK) LIMITED Company Description: Provider of optical goods and services. 2019 Rank: 15 Revenue: £325,279,000 Number of employees: 4,242

12 SANDICLIFFE MOTOR HOLDINGS LIMITED Company Description: A group engaged in the sale, repair and hire of motor vehicles.

2019 Rank:14 Revenue: £319,784,000 Number of employees: 693

13 ADDO FOOD GROUP (HOLDINGS) LTD Company Description: A group engaged in the manufacture of chilled savoury pastry for the retail, impulse and foodservice markets. 2019 Rank: 16 Revenue: £312,471,000 Number of employees: 2,722

14 ENVA TOPCO LIMITED Company Description: A group engaged in the provision of end-to-end waste management solutions. 2019 Rank: 22 Revenue: £292,554,000 Number of employees: 1,591

15 AMTRUST EUROPE LIMITED

Company Description: Group specialising in the underwriting of general insurance, including property damage and caravan insurance, legal expenses, personal accident guarantees and warranty insurance. 2019 Rank: 17 Revenue: £284,018,000 Number of employees: 94

16 GAMES WORKSHOP GROUP PLC

Company Description: International manufacturer, wholesaler and retailer of tabletop games and miniatures. 2019 Rank: 22 Revenue: £269,700,000 Number of employees: 2,188

17 BUZZ GROUP LIMITED

Company Description: Group involved in gambling and betting activities 2019 Rank: Not ranked Revenue: £256,889,000 Number of employees: 3,582

18 CCS MEDIA LIMITED Company Description: A group engaged in the supply of IT-related products and services. 2019 Rank: 21 Revenue: £244,009,000 Number of employees: 487

19 MULTI PACKAGING SOLUTIONS UK LIMITED

Company Description: The design, manufacture and sale of printed cartons, composite containers and packaging machinery systems.

2019 Rank: 20 Revenue: £237,819,000 Number of employees: 1,737

20 BIRMINGHAM HIGHWAYS LIMITED

Company Description: Firm involved in the maintenance, finance and operation of highways in Birmingham as part of the Birmingham HIghways PFI Project. 2019 Rank: Not ranked Revenue: £236,123,000 Number of employees: N/A

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Employment and unemployment rate | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | <u>2021</u> |
| | Employment: | Employment: | Employment: 125,320 | Employment: |
| Proportion of people who are in paid work | 49,865 (73.0%) | 53,815 (75.6%) | (55.4%) | 54,355 (75.5%) |
| and unemployed. | Unemployment: | Unemployment: 2,450 | Unemployment: | Unemployment: |
| | 2,460 (3.6%) | (3.4%) | 13,950 (6.2%) | 2,095 (2.9%) |
| Employment measures the number of people in paid work and differs from the number of jobs because some people have more than one job. The employment rate is the proportion of people aged from 16 to 64 years who are in paid work. Unemployment measures people without a | 2018 Employment: 52,300 (73.4%) Unemployment: 3,300 (6%) | 2018 Employment: 57,000 (74.8%) Unemployment: 2,300 (3.8%) | 2018 Employment: 128,500 (58.6%) Unemployment: 7,510 (3.3%) | 2018 Employment: 60,000 (81.4%) Unemployment: 1,700 (2.8%) |
| job who have been actively seeking work within the last four weeks and are available to start work within the next two weeks. The unemployment rate is not the proportion of the total population who are unemployed. It is the proportion of the economically active population (those in work plus those seeking and available to work) who are unemployed. | 2011 Employment: 51,200 (73.1%) Unemployment: 2,700 (5.1%) | 2011 Employment: 56,300 (74.1%) Unemployment: 3,700 (6.2%) | 2011 Employment: 112,900 (54.2%) Unemployment: 13,060 (6.1%) | 2011 Employment: 55,200 (75.0%) Unemployment: 2,900 (5.9%) |
| <u>Source:-</u> ONS website | | | | |

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Earnings – by place of work and by | Place of work | Place of work | Place of work | Place of work |
| place of residence | Weekly pay of full time |
| | employees working in | employees working in | employees working in | employees working in |
| Gross weekly pay (median earnings) in | the area: | the area: | the area: | the area: |
| pounds for full time employees. | 2022: £594.80 | 2022: £590.80 | 2022: £557.80 | 2022: £623.10 |
| | 2018: £498.80 | 2018: £607.30 | 2018: £406.40 | 2018: £589.00 |
| Source:- | 2011: £440.90 | 2011: £393.20 | 2011: £454.40 | 2011: £465.80 |
| ONS website | | | | |
| | Place of residence | Place of residence | Place of residence | Place of residence |
| | Weekly pay of full time |
| | employees living in the |
| | area: | area: | area: | area: |
| | 2022: £641.50 | 2022: £587.30 | 2022: £536.10 | 2022: £706.50 |
| | 2018: £605.50 | 2018: £561.10 | 2018: £460.00 | 2018: £696.00 |
| | 2011: £515.80 | 2011: £456.70 | 2011: £429.70 | 2011: £597.80 |
| Employment by occupation | Managers, directors | Managers, directors | Managers, directors | Managers, directors |
| | and senior officials:- | and senior officials:- | and senior officials:- | and senior officials:- |
| Percentage is a proportion of all persons | 2023: 7.3% | 2023: 13.1% | 2023: 5.4% | 2023: 17.2% |
| in employment. Figures used for April to | 2018: 9.1% | 2018: 12.9% | 2018: 6.5% | 2018: 15.2% |
| March period. | 2011: 9.5% | 2011: 12.4% | 2011: 7.1% | 2011: 7.2% |
| | | | | |
| Source:- | Professional | Professional | Professional | Professional |
| ONS website | occupations:- | occupations:- | occupations:- | occupations:- |
| | 2023: 32.8% | 2023: 28.8% | 2023: 25.3% | 2023: 32.7% |
| | 2018: 15.8% | 2018: 17.5% | 2018: 18.2% | 2018: 27.9% |
| | 2011: 19.0% | 2011: 17.6% | 2011: 18.7% | 2011: 30.7% |
| | | | | |
| | Associate professional | Associate professional | Associate professional | Associate professional |
| | & technical:- | & technical:- | & technical:- | & technical:- |
| | 2023: 7.2% | 2023: 10.3% | 2023: 10.5% | 2023: 14.1% |
| | 2018: 21.8% | 2018: 20.7% | 2018: 12.7% | 2018: 12.9% |
| | 2011: 16.1% | 2011: 8.8% | 2011: 8.1% | 2011: 15.4% |
| | | | | |

| Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Administrative and | Administrative and | Administrative and | Administrative and |
| secretarial | secretarial | secretarial | secretarial |
| occupations:- | occupations:- | occupations:- | occupations:- |
| 2023: 8.8% | 2023: 10.7% | 2023: 9.8% | 2023: 10.6% |
| 2018: 13.8% | 2018: 10.3% | 2018: 10.4% | 2018: 10.0% |
| 2011: 9.0% | 2011: 14.1% | 2011: 9.4% | 2011: 16.1% |
| | | | |
| Skilled trades | Skilled trades | Skilled trades | Skilled trades |
| occupations:- | occupations:- | occupations:- | occupations:- |
| 2023: 16.2% | 2023: 7.1% | 2023: 5.8% | 2023: 9.5% |
| 2018: 13.3% | 2018: 8.2% | 2018: 8.6% | 2018: 10.3% |
| 2011: 12.7% | 2011: 11.3% | 2011: 11.8% | 2011: 5.2% |
| | | | |
| Caring, leisure and | Caring, leisure and | Caring, leisure and | Caring, leisure and |
| other service | other service | other service | other service |
| occupations:- | occupations:- | occupations:- | occupations:- |
| 2023: n/a | 2023: n/a | 2023: 14.0% | 2023: n/a |
| 2018: 5.5% | 2018: 6.6% | 2018: 10.6% | 2018: 8.3% |
| 2011: 6.6% | 2011: 11.2% | 2011: 10.1% | 2011: 4.8% |
| | | | |
| Sales and customer | Sales and customer | Sales and customer | Sales and customer |
| service occupations:- | service occupations:- | service occupations:- | service occupations:- |
| 2023: n/a | 2023: 10.1% | 2023: 3.5% | 2023: n/a |
| 2018: 2.9% | 2018: 8.3% | 2018: 7.3% | 2018: 6.2% |
| 2011: 5.6% | 2011: 8.0% | 2011: 10.4% | 2011: 7.6% |
| | | | |
| Process plant & | Process plant & | Process plant & | Process plant & |
| machine operatives:- | machine operatives:- | machine operatives:- | machine operatives:- |
| 2023: n/a | 2023: 7.5% | 2023: 8.8% | 2023: n/a |
| 2018: 6.3 % | 2018: 7.3% | 2018: 7.8% | 2018: 2.5% |
| 2011: 6.3% | 2011: 6.7% | 2011: 7.3% | 2011: 5.6% |
| | | | |
| Elementary | Elementary | Elementary | Elementary |
| occupations:- | occupations:- | occupations:- | occupations:- |

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | 2023: 18.4% | 2023: n/a | 2023: 16.8% | 2023: 10.2% |
| | 2018: 10.7% | 2018: 8.2% | 2018: 17.7% | 2018: 6.7% |
| | 2011: 15.1% | 2011: 9.9% | 2011: 16.2% | 2011: 6.1% |
| Qualifications – by type | Does not apply:- | Does not apply:- | Does not apply:- | Does not apply:- |
| | 2021: 16.6% | 2021: 17.7% | 2021: 18.3% | 2021: 17.9% |
| Working age people with the following | | | | |
| qualifications:- | No qualifications:- | No qualifications:- | No qualifications:- | No qualifications:- |
| No qualifications – no formal | 2021: 14.5% | 2021: 14.5% | 2021: 15.9% | 2021: 9.8% |
| qualifications held. | 2018: 6.8% | 2018: No data | 2018: 10.2% | 2018: No data |
| • NVQ1 and above – e.g. fewer than 5 | 2011: 7.8% | 2011: 7.5% | 2011: 13.9% | 2011: 7.2% |
| GCSEs at grades A-C, foundation | | | | |
| GNVQ, NVQ 1, intermediate 1 national | NVQ1 and above:- | NVQ1 and above:- | NVQ1 and above:- | NVQ1 and above:- |
| qualification (Scotland) or equivalent. | 2021: 68.9% | 2021: 67.7% | 2021: 65.7% | 2021: 72.2% |
| • NVQ2 and above – e.g. 5 or more | 2018: 88.8% | 2018: 90.2% | 2018: 81.1% | 2018: 91.4% |
| GCSEs at grades A-C, intermediate | 2011: 89% | 2011: 87.8% | 2011: 78.8% | 2011: 88.5% |
| GNVQ, NVQ 2, intermediate 2 national | | | | |
| qualification (Scotland) or equivalent. | NVQ2 and above:- | NVQ2 and above:- | NVQ2 and above:- | NVQ2 and above:- |
| • NVQ3 and above – e.g. 2 or more A | 2021: 61.0% | 2021: 59.8% | 2021: 58.6% | 2021: 66.4% |
| levels, advanced GNVQ, NVQ 3, 2 or | 2018: 79.5% | 2018: 78.1% | 2018: 69.9% | 2018: 88.4% |
| more higher or advanced higher | 2011: 77.8% | 2011: 76.7% | 2011: 66.2% | 2011: 76.8% |
| national qualifications (Scotland) or | | | | |
| equivalent. | NVQ3 and above | NVQ3 and above – | NVQ3 and above:- | NVQ3 and above:- |
| • NVQ4 and above – e.g. HND, Degree | 2021: 45.7% | 2021: 43.3% | 2021: 46.0% | 2021: 52.9% |
| and Higher Degree level qualifications | 2018: 61.6% | 2018: 54.8% | 2018: 55.7% | 2018: 78.1% |
| or equivalent. | 2011: 57.5% | 2011: 56.8% | 2011: 47.8% | 2011: 60.0% |
| | NVQ4 and above | NVQ4 and above:- | NVQ4 and above:- | NVQ4 and above:- |
| Figures used for January to December | 2021: 30.6% | 2021: 28.3% | 2021: 25.6% | 2021: 38.9% |
| period. | 2021. 30.0% | 2021. 28.3% | 2021.25.0% | 2018: 61.9% |
| | 2018. 41.5% | 2018. 34.2% | 2018. 31.2% | 2018. 01.9% |
| Source:- | 2011. 30.170 | 2011. 30.070 | 2011. 20.070 | 2011.41.470 |
| ONS website | | | | |

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|---|----------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| Enterprise Zones | Alliance Boots site (2011) | None. | Alliance Boots site (2011) | None. |
| Number of Enterprise Zones. Year | (site overlaps with | | (site overlaps with | |
| designated is shown in bracket. | Nottingham City) | | Broxtowe) | |
| - | Beeston Business | | • MediPark (2013) | |
| Source:- | Park (2016) | | Nottingham | |
| Local authorities | | | Science Park | |
| | | | (2011) | |
| Industrial units and floorspace | <u>2022:</u> | <u>2022:</u> | <u>2022:</u> | <u>2022:</u> |
| | 690 properties | 820 properties | 3,030 properties | 740 properties |
| Number of rateable properties (known as "hereditaments") and floorspace. | 496,000 sqm | 436,000 sqm | 1,805,000 sqm | 462,000 sqm |
| | <u>2016:</u> | <u>2016:</u> | <u>2016:</u> | <u>2016:</u> |
| Source:- | 700 properties | 730 properties | 3,010 properties | 680 properties |
| www.gov.uk website ⁴ | 428,000 sqm | 422,000 sqm | 1,967,000 sqm | 452,000 sqm |
| | 2011: | <u>2011:</u> | <u>2011:</u> | <u>2011:</u> |
| | 690 properties | 690 properties | 2,970 properties | 660 properties |
| | 466,000 sqm | 445,000 sqm | 2,036,000 sqm | 442,000 sqm |
| Office units and floorspace | <u>2022:</u> | <u>2022:</u> | 2022: | <u>2022:</u> |
| | 440 properties | 340 properties | 2,530 properties | 610 properties |
| Number of rateable properties (known as "hereditaments") and floorspace. | <u>72,000 sqm</u> | 49,000 sqm | <u>710,000 sqm</u> | <u>121,000 sqm</u> |
| herealtamente) and heerepacer | 2016: | 2016: | 2016: | 2016: |
| Source:- | 360 properties | 320 properties | 2,300 properties | 520 properties |
| www.gov.uk website ⁵ | 87,000 sqm | 44,000 sqm | 780,000 sqm | 117,000 sqm |
| | <u>2011:</u> | <u>2011:</u> | <u>2011:</u> | <u>2011:</u> |
| | 330 properties | 310 properties | 2,130 properties | 400 properties |
| | 89,000 sqm | 43,000 sqm | 809,000 sqm | 112,000 sqm |

 ⁴ https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/non-domestic-rating-stock-of-properties-2022
 ⁵ https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/non-domestic-rating-stock-of-properties-2022

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|---|--------------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Retail units and floorspace | <u>2022:</u> | <u>2022:</u> | <u>2022:</u> | <u>2022:</u> |
| | 900 properties | 780 properties | 3,010 properties | 660 properties |
| Number of rateable properties (known as | <u>212,000 sqm</u> | 170,000 sqm | <u>713,000 sqm</u> | <u>102,000 sqm</u> |
| "hereditaments") and floorspace. | | | | |
| | <u>2016:</u> | <u>2016:</u> | <u>2016:</u> | <u>2016:</u> |
| Source:- | 900 properties | 760 properties | 3,090 properties | 630 properties |
| www.gov.uk website ⁶ | 201,000 sqm | 161,000 sqm | 753,000 sqm | 91,000 sqm |
| | | | | |
| | <u>2011:</u> | <u>2011:</u> | <u>2011:</u> | <u>2011:</u> |
| | 920 properties | 760 properties | 3,060 properties | 630 properties |
| | 201,000 sqm | 151,000 sqm | 748,000 sqm | 91,000 sqm |

⁶ https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/non-domestic-rating-stock-of-properties-2022

| Area of employment land lost to | 2011 to 2023: | 2011 to2020: | 2011 to 2023: | 2011 to 2023: |
|---|------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| housing or other uses | 14.96 ha | 2.74 ha | 36.65 ha | 2.07 ha |
| | | | | |
| Area of employment land lost to housing | 2022/23: 1.2 ha | 2022/23: No loss | 2022/23: 2.25 ha | 2022/23: 0.02 ha |
| or other uses. | 2021/22: 1.3 ha | 2021/22: 5.32 ha | 2021/22:1.91 ha | 2021/22: 1.48 ha |
| | 2020/21: 0.36 ha | 2020/21: 0.32 ha | 2020/21: 0.98 ha | 2020/21: No loss |
| To avoid double counting, losses are | | 2019/20: 0.10 ha | 2019/20: 6.14 ha | 2019/20: 0.86 ha |
| recorded when the loss is first | 2019/20: 3.2 ha | 2018/19: No loss | 2018/19: 1.68 ha | 2018/19: No loss |
| implemented i.e. commencement of the | 2018/19: 1.72 ha | 2017/18: No loss | 2017/18: 4.1 ha | 2017/18: No loss |
| first dwelling. | 2017/18: 0.8 ha | 2016/17: 0.22 ha | 2016/17: 3.81 ha | 2016/17: 0.1 ha |
| | 2016/17: 0.47 ha | 2015/16: No loss | 2015/16: 1.48 ha | 2015/16: 1.8 ha |
| Source:- | 2015/16: 0.23 ha | 2014/15: 1.40 ha | 2014/15: 4.66 ha | 2014/15: 0.08 ha |
| Local authorities | 2014/15: 7.09 ha | 2013/14: No loss | 2013/14: 2.72 ha | 2013/14: 0.09 ha |
| | 2013/14: 0.65 ha | 2012/13: 0.33 ha | 2012/13: 4.57 ha | 2012/13: No loss |
| | 2012/13: 0.07 ha | 2011/12: 0.69 ha | 2011/12: 2.45 ha | 2011/12: No loss |
| | 2011/12: 0.61 ha | | | |
| | | | Offices | |
| | | | Total 97,231 sqm | |
| | | | 2022/23: 4,755sqm | |
| | | | 2021/22:4,620sqm | |
| | | | 2020/21: 3,564sqm | |
| | | | 2019/20:2,928sqm | |
| | | | 2018/19: 4,100sqm | |
| | | | 2017/18: 15,900 sqm | |
| | | | 2016/17: 14,213 sqm | |
| | | | 2015/16: 5,256 sqm | |
| | | | 2014/15: 17,912 sqm | |
| | | | 2013/14: 9,142 sqm | |
| | | | 2012/13: 14,841 sqm | |
| | | | 2011/12: 0 sqm | |
| | | | Industry and | |
| | | | warehousing | |
| | | | Total 49,365sqm | |
| | | | 10101 49,30354111 | |

| Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|----------|---------|---------------------|------------|
| | | 2022/23:4,245sqm202 | |
| | | 1/22:2,610sqm2020/2 | |
| | | 1:336sqm | |
| | | 2019/20: 21,630sqm | |
| | | 2018/19:2,600sqm | |
| | | 2017/18: 500 sqm | |
| | | 2016/17: 1,042 sqm | |
| | | 2015/16: 673 sqm | |
| | | 2014/15: 725 sqm | |
| | | 2013/14: 1,757 sqm | |
| | | 2012/13: 3,445 sq | |
| | | 2011/12: 9,802 sqm | |

Town centres

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| Number of city centre, town, district | 1 Town Centre | 1 Town Centre | 1 City Centre | 2 District Centres |
| and local centres and centre of | Beeston | Arnold | Nottingham City | Bingham |
| neighbourhood importance | | | | West Bridgford |
| | 3 District Centres | 8 Local Centres | <u>1 Town Centre</u> | |
| Number of city centre, town, district | Eastwood | Burton Joyce | Bulwell | 6 Local Centres |
| and local centres and centre of | Kimberley | Calverton | | Cotgrave |
| neighbourhood importance. | Stapleford | Carlton Hill | 3 District Centres | East Leake |
| | | Carlton Square | Clifton | Keyworth (The |
| Source:- | 1 Centre of | Gedling Village | Hyson Green | Square) |
| Local authorities | <u>Neighbourhood</u> | Mapperley Plains | Sherwood | Keyworth (Wolds |
| | Importance | Netherfield | | Drive) |
| | High Road, Chilwell | Ravenshead | 12 Local Centres | Radcliffe on Trent |
| | | | Alfreton Road | Ruddington |
| | | | Aspley Lane | - |
| | | | Beckhampton Road | 11 Centres of |
| | | | Bracebridge Drive | Neighbourhood |
| | | | Bramcote Lane | Importance |

| | | | Bridgeway Centre Carrington Mansfield Road Nuthall Road Robin Hood Chase Sneinton Dale Strelley Road <u>42 Centres of</u> <u>Neighbourhood</u> <u>Importance⁷</u> | Abbey Road, West Bridgford Boundary Road, West Bridgford Compton Acres, West Bridgford Gamston Centre, West Bridgford Hilton Crescent, West Bridgford Loughborough Road, West Bridgford Melton Road, West Bridgford Musters Road, West Bridgford Radcliffe Road, West Bridgford Trent Boulevard, West Bridgford Nottingham Road |
|------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|---|---|
| | | | | Nottingham Road, Keyworth |
| Number of units and vacant units | Beeston | Arnold (Primary | Nottingham City | Bingham (Primary |
| in city centre, town, district and | 194 units | <u>Area)</u> | In 2023 1,209 retail | <u>Area)</u> |
| local centres | 19 vacant (9.8%) | 108 units | and leisure units | 40 units |
| | | 14 vacant (8%) | were surveyed as | 2 vacant (5%) |

⁷ Nottingham City are not treating them as formal centres in their Local Plan = Arnold Road, Aspley Lane/Glencairn Drive, Beech Avenue, Beechdale Road, Berridge Road, Bobbersmill, Broxtowe Lane, Broxtowe Lane/Coleby Road, Broxtowe Lane/Sherborne Road, Carlton Road, Carlton Road South, Daybrook, Derby Road/Arnesby Road, Farnborough Road, Hartley Road, Haydn Road, Hermitage Square, Highbury Road/ Bedford Grove, Highbury Road/ Broomhill, Hucknall Road/ Carrington, Hucknall Road/Valley Road, Ilkeston Road West, Lenton Boulevard North, Lenton Boulevard South, Lenton Sands, Middleton Boulevard, Mill Road/Bagnall Road, Monksway, Oakdale Road, Old Farm Road, Rise Park, Sellers Wood Drive, Sneinton Boulevard, Top Valley Way, Trowell Road, Varney Road, Woodborough Road North, Woodborough Road South and Woodside Road

| Number of ground floor units, | Eastwood | | part of a City Council | |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| including those that are vacant, within | 137 units | Arnold (Secondary | survey, of these | Bingham (Secondary |
| shopping centre boundary. | 16 vacant (11.7%) | Area) | 1,065 were | Area) |
| Percentage of all units being vacant is | | 103 units | occupied, the | 50 units |
| provided in bracket. Date of survey | Kimberley | 8 vacant (8%) | remaining 144 were | 5 vacant (10%) |
| undertaken is shown in bracket | 61 units | | vacant. This gives a | |
| | 6 vacant (9.8%) | Burton Joyce | headline Retail | West Bridgford |
| Source:- | | 19 units | Vacancy Rate of | (Primary Area) |
| Local authorities | Stapleford | 1 vacant (5%) | 11.91% (a decrease | 64 units |
| | 102 units | | on the 12.74% | 1 vacant (1.6%) |
| NOTE: This does not include updated | 10 vacant (9.8%) | Calverton | vacancy rate in July | |
| study work undertaken as part of the | | 19 units | 2022). A further 40 | West Bridgford |
| Greater Nottingham Strategic Plan | (August 2021) | 2 vacant (10%) | of the vacant units | (Secondary Area) |
| Centres Study. | | | surveyed were not | 69 units |
| | | Carlton Hill | available for | 1 vacant (1.4%) |
| | | 86 units | occupancy, usually | |
| | | 7 vacant units (8%) | because they are | Cotgrave (Primary |
| | | | either undergoing or | <u>Area)</u> |
| | | Carlton Square | awaiting | 11 units |
| | | 25 units | redevelopment. | 0 vacant (0%) |
| | | 0 vacant (0%) | Removing these | |
| | | | units from the total | East Leake (Primary |
| | | Gedling Village | figure gives an | <u>Area)</u> |
| | | 46 units | Adjusted Vacancy | 33 units |
| | | 2 vacant (4%) | Rate of 8.6%. | 0 vacant (0%) |
| | | | Comparing to a | |
| | | Mapperley Plains | decade ago, in | East Leake |
| | | 93 units | March 2013, the | (Secondary Area) |
| | | 11 vacant (12%) | vacancy rate was | 7 units |
| | | | 16.7%. | 0 vacant (0%) |
| | | Netherfield | | |
| | | 86 units | 1,319 units | |

| 6 vacant (7%) <u>Ravenshead</u> | 159 vacant units (12%) | <u>Keyworth (The</u> <u>Square) (Primary</u> <u>Area)</u> |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| 17 units | (May 2018) | 17 units |
| 0 vacant (0%) | (| 0 vacant (0%) |
| (August 2023) | | <u>Keyworth (The</u> <u>Square) (Secondary</u> <u>Area)</u> 14 units 0 vacant (0%) |
| | | <u>Keyworth (Wolds</u> <u>Drive)</u> 13 units 1 vacant (0.8%) |
| | | <u>Radcliffe on Trent</u> (<u>Primary Area)</u> 29 units 0 vacant (0%) |
| | | <u>Radcliffe on Trent</u> (<u>Secondary Area)</u> 25 units 1 vacant (4%) |
| | | Ruddington (Primary Area) 37 units 3 vacant (8%) |

| | | <u>Ruddington</u> (Secondary Area) 24 units 1 vacant (4%) |
|--|--|--|
| | | (April to June 2019) |

Healthy and safe communities

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|---|---------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| Life expectancy at birth | <u>2018-20</u> | 2018-20 | 2018-20 | <u>2018-20</u> |
| | Male: 80.1 years | Male: 80.1 years | Male: 76.6 years | Male: 81.8 years |
| How long, on average, people are expected to live ⁸ . Figures are 3-year | Female: 82.6 years | Female: 83.1 years | Female: 81.0 years | Female: 84.9 years |
| averages. | <u>2014-16</u> | <u>2014-16</u> | <u>2014-16</u> | <u>2014-16</u> |
| | Male: 80.5 years | Male: 80.0 years | Male: 77.0 years | Male: 81.7 years |
| Source:- | Female: 83.1 years | Female: 83.2 years | Female: 81.1 years | Female: 85.0 years |
| ONS website | | | | |
| | 2008-10 | <u>2008-10</u> | <u>2008-10</u> | <u>2008-10</u> |
| | Male: 79.0 years | Male: 79.0 years | Male: 75.9 years | Male: 80.1 years |
| | Female: 83.0 years | Female: 82.7 years | Female: 80.8 years | Female: 83.6 years |
| Crime | 2020: 3,745* | 2020: 3,590* | 2020: 22,269* | 2020: 3,004* |
| All crimes reported to | 2021: 8,621 | 2021: 8,173 | 2021: 54.349 | 2021: 6,853 |
| Nottinghamshire Police. | | | | |
| | 2022: 8,194 | 2022: 7,445 | 2022: 50,262 | 2022: 6,266 |
| Source:- | | | | |
| Nottinghamshire Police | 2023: 4,603 (half year data) | 2023: 4,342 (half year data) | 2023: 27,251 (half year data) | 2023: 6,271 |

Definitions

All crime: The overall number of crimes reported to Nottinghamshire Police.

⁸ Period expectation of life at a given age for an area in a given time period is an estimate of the average number of years a person of that age would survive if he or she experienced the particular area's age-specific mortality rates for that time period throughout the rest of his or her life. The figure reflects mortality among those living in the area in each time period, rather than mortality among those born in each area. It is not therefore the number of years a person in the area in each time period could actually expect to live, both because the death rates of the area are likely to change in the future and because many of those in the area may live elsewhere for at least some part of their lives. Period life expectancy at birth is also not a guide to the remaining expectation of life at any given age. For example, if female life expectancy at birth was 80 years for a particular area, the life expectancy of women aged 65 years in that area is likely to exceed 15 years. This reflects the fact that survival from a particular age depends only on the death rates beyond that age, whereas survival from birth is based on death rates at every age.

*Figures for 2020 will reflect Covid 19 social distancing restrictions

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|--|---|---|---|--|
| Number of doctor surgeries, health facilities, community centres, leisure centres, libraries Community centres do not include village halls. | 15 doctor surgeries 3 health facilities | 15 GP practices | 2 hospitals 5 joint service centres 16 health centres 50 GP practices | 17 doctor surgeries 5 health facilities |
| | 4 community centres 3 leisure centres 6 libraries | 18 community centres 6 leisure centres 9 libraries Not including privately owned | 33 community centres9 leisure centres16 libraries | 5 community centres 5 leisure centres 9 libraries |
| Residents participation in sports Definitions are shown below. Data shown in percentage figures. | Inactive (less than 30 mins a week): 22.6% | Inactive (less than 30 mins a week): 26.6% | Inactive (less than 30 mins a week): 25.8% | Inactive (less than 30 mins a week): 16.6% |
| Source:- Sport England Active Lives Survey interactive table (Activity level by region option) | Fairly Active (30-149 mins a week): 14.5% Active (150+ mins a week): 62.9% | Fairly Active (30-149 mins a week): 10.8% Active (150+ mins a week): 62.7% | Fairly Active (30-149 mins a week): 10.3% Active (150+ mins a week): 63.9% | Fairly Active (30-149 mins a week): 9.4% Active (150+ mins a week): 74.0% |
| | Active 2 times in past 28 days: 78.7% | Active 2 times in past 28 days: 76.8% | Active 2 times in past 28 days: 75.4% | Active 2 times in past 28 days: 86.6% |
| | (November 2021 to November 2022) | (November 2021 to November 2022) | (November 2021 to November 2022) | (November 2021 to November 2022) |

Definitions:-

- "Inactive" includes respondents playing sport for less than 30 minutes at moderate intensity per week.
- "Fairly active" includes respondents playing sport for at least 30 minutes at moderate intensity at least once a week.
- "Active" includes respondents playing sport for 150+ minutes at moderate intensity at least once a week.
- "Active 2 times in past 28 days" includes respondents who have taken part in sport and physical activity least twice in the last 28 days.

Transport

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Railway station usage | Attenborough | Burton Joyce | Bulwell | Aslockton |
| | 2022/23: 52,704 | 2022/23: 9.426 | 2022/23: 56,336 | 2022/23: 23,472 |
| Estimated total number of entries and | 2021/22: 46,934 | 2021/22: 6,146 | 2021/22: 43,504 | 2021/22: 15,914 |
| exits made at the station in a given | 2020/21: 17,586 | 2020/21: 1,826 | 2020/21: 20,138 | 2020/21: 3,736 |
| year. | 2019/20: 106,882 | 2019/20:15,330 | 2019/20::68,852 | 2019/20: 33,438 |
| | 2018/19: 99,484 | 2018/19: 16,084 | 2017/18: 61,136 | 2018/19: 31,204 |
| Notes the statistics for 2019/20 cover | 2017/18: 107,942 | 2017/18: 16,268 | 2016/17: 59,632 | 2017/18: 24,948 |
| the period before and immediately | 2016/17: 105,742 | 2016/17: 11,542 | 2015/16: 57,716 | 2016/17: 30,572 |
| following the government's | 2015/16: 111,678 | 2015/16: 8,228 | 2014/15: 50,952 | 2015/16: 23,766 |
| announcement of measures to limit | 2014/15: 94,756 | 2014/15: 5,372 | 2013/14: 46,592 | 2014/15: 22,226 |
| the impact and transmission of the | 2013/14: 89,938 | 2013/14: 5,302 | 2012/13: 54,060 | 2013/14: 21,100 |
| coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic in | 2012/13: 79,798 | 2012/13: 6,928 | 2011/12: 48,162 | 2012/13: 15,744 |
| mid-March 2020. Rail passenger | 2011/12: 66,038 | 2011/12: 6,786 | | 2011/12: 15,912 |
| journeys decreased following | | | Nottingham | |
| announcements advising against all | Beeston | <u>Carlton</u> | 2022/23: 6,739,558 | <u>Bingham</u> |
| unnecessary travel. | 2022/23: 439,410 | 2022/23: 36,846 | 2021/22: 5,202,438 | 2022/23: 63,540 |
| | 2021/22: 327,608 | 2021/22: 27,610 | 2020/21:1,416,536 | 2021/22: 55,774 |
| Source:- | 2020/21: 109,068 | 2020/21: 12,254 | 2019/20:7,864,690 | 2020/21: 14,442 |
| Office of Rail and Road | 2019/20: 574,304 | 2019/20: 57,552 | 2017/18: 7,858,974 | 2019/20:79,410 |
| | 2018/19: 566,094 | 2018/19: 54,632 | 2016/17: 7,468,864 | 2018/19: 77,128 |
| | 2017/18: 546,110 | 2017/18: 54,282 | 2015/16: 7,200,422 | 2017/18: 69,102 |
| | 2016/17: 534,672 | 2016/17: 46,578 | 2014/15: 6,848,182 | 2016/17: 67,216 |
| | 2015/16: 574,056 | 2015/16: 36,344 | 2013/14: 6,105,684 | 2015/16: 59,018 |
| | 2014/15: 572,550 | 2014/15: 25,168 | 2012/13: 6,450,702 | 2014/15: 51,778 |
| | 2013/14: 546,180 | 2013/14: 20,298 | 2011/12: 6,450,400 | 2013/14: 39,786 |
| | 2012/13: 541,138 | 2012/13: 21,410 | | 2012/13: 36,682 |
| | 2011/12: 484,210 | 2011/12: 22,372 | | 2011/12: 34,512 |
| | | Notharfield | | |
| | 1 | <u>Netherfield</u> | | |

| Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|----------|-----------------|------------|------------------|
| | 2022/23: 6,946 | | East Midlands |
| | 2021/22: 5,556 | | <u>Parkway</u> |
| | 2020/21: 1,210 | | 2022/23: |
| | 2019/20: 8,292 | | 2021/22: 196,298 |
| | 2018/19: 9,150 | | 2020/21: 39,350 |
| | 2017/18: 8,644 | | 2019/20: 343,420 |
| | 2016/17: 7,742 | | 2018/19: 360,770 |
| | 2015/16: 6,544 | | 2017/18: 338,000 |
| | 2014/15: 6,050 | | 2016/17: 347,252 |
| | 2013/14: 5,382 | | 2015/16: 306,408 |
| | 2012/13: 6,682 | | 2014/15: 304,000 |
| | 2011/12: 7,410 | | 2013/14: 328,000 |
| | | | 2012/13: 283,756 |
| | Newstead | | 2011/12: 219,734 |
| | 2022/23: 31,702 | | |
| | 2021/22: 23,010 | | Elton and Orston |
| | 2020/21:8,570 | | 2022/23: |
| | 2019/20: 44,200 | | 2021/22: 40 |
| | 2018/19: 40,288 | | 2020/21: 12 |
| | 2017/18: 41,796 | | 2019/20: 68 |
| | 2016/17: 35,868 | | 2018/19: 164 |
| | 2015/16: 31,932 | | 2017/18: 138 |
| | 2014/15: 33,938 | | 2016/17: 128 |
| | 2013/14: 28,624 | | 2015/16: 296 |
| | 2012/13: 30,872 | | 2014/15: 88 |
| | 2011/12: 34,750 | | 2013/14: 166 |
| | | | 2012/13: 72 |
| | | | 2011/12: 84 |
| | | | Radcliffe |
| | | | 2022/23: |
| 1 | | | 2022/23. |

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | | | | 2021/22: 9,838 |
| | | | | 2020/21:1,952 |
| | | | | 2019/20: 12,404 |
| | | | | 2018/19: 9,674 |
| | | | | 2017/18: 8,850 |
| | | | | 2016/17: 6,474 |
| | | | | 2015/16: 7,108 |
| | | | | 2014/15: 6,026 |
| | | | | 2013/14: 10,152 |
| | | | | 2012/13: 8,658 |
| | | | | 2011/12: 8,724 |
| Proportion of households within | Within 800 metres or |
| distance of a bus stop with an | 10 mins walk of a |
| hourly and better bus service | bus stop: | bus stop: | bus stop: | bus stop: |
| | 87% | 94% | 99% | 84% |
| Time period is daytime on weekdays | | | | |
| Mondays to Saturdays 0600-1800 | Within 400 metres or | Within 400 metres or | Within 400 metres or | |
| hours. | 5 mins walk of a bus |
| _ | stop: | stop: | stop: | stop: |
| Source:- | 57% | 74% | 79% | 64% |
| Performance, Intelligence & Policy | | | | |
| Team, Nottinghamshire County | (February 2023) | (February 2023) | (2023) | (2023) |
| Council | | | | |

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|--|---|---------|---|--|
| Park and Ride sites | <u>1 site:</u> Toton Lane Park and | None. | 3 sites: • Forest Park and | <u>1 site:</u> Clifton Park and |
| Number of park and ride sites where people park and take public transport into Nottingham. <u>Source:-</u> Local authorities | Ride (just off the A52, nearest M1 junction 25) | | Ride (Goose Fair site) Phoenix Park and Ride (just off the A610, nearest M1 junction 26) Wilkinson Street Park and Ride (just off the Nottingham ring Road) | Ride (just off the A453, nearest M1 junction 24) |

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Number of public transport trips on | Number of | Number of | Number of | Number of |
| bus and tram | passengers (in | passengers (in | passengers (in | passengers (in |
| | million) board a bus |
| Number of passengers (in million) | in Greater | in Greater | in Nottingham City | in Greater |
| board a bus in Nottingham City and | Nottingham* | Nottingham* | | Nottingham* |
| Greater Nottingham*. Figures based | | | Bus only: | |
| on where passengers board a bus, | Bus only: | See Broxtowe | 2022/23:37.96 | See Broxtowe |
| regardless of whether they cross | 2018/19: 65.02 | column for data | 2018/19: 47.60 | column for data |
| boundaries or travel out of the area. | 2017/18: 65.30 | | 2017/18: 47.30 | |
| | 2016/17: 66.16 | | 2016/17: 47.93 | |
| Source:- | 2015/16: 67.22 | | 2015/16: 48.50 | |
| Nottingham City Council | 2014/15: 67.49 | | 2014/15: 48.74 | |
| | 2013/14: 67.09 | | 2013/14: 48.62 | |
| * For information, "Greater | 2012/13: 66.39 | | 2012/13: 48.19 | |
| Nottingham" is used to refer to | 2011/12: 67.19 | | 2011/12: 48.76 | |
| adjoining council areas to Nottingham | | | | |
| City which includes Ashfield (Hucknall | Bus and Nottingham | | Bus and Nottingham | |
| part), Gedling, Broxtowe and | Express Transit | | Express Transit | |
| Rushcliffe. | (NET) tram: | | (NET) tram: | |
| | 2018/19: 82.75 | | 2022/23:48.96 | |
| | 2017/18: 81.93 | | 2018/19: 62.07 | |
| | 2016/17: 81.48 | | 2017/18: 60.88 | |
| | 2015/16: 78.66 | | 2016/17: 60.34 | |
| | 2014/15: 75.58 | | 2015/16: 59.02 | |
| | 2013/14: 74.95 | | 2014/15: 56.18 | |
| | 2012/13: 74.13 | | 2013/14: 55.85 | |
| | 2011/12: 76.21 | | 2012/13: 55.31 | |
| | | | 2011/12: 57.05 | |

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| Traffic growth | <u>2010-17</u> | 2010-21 | <u>2010-17</u> | <u>2010-21</u> |
| | Traffic growth has | Traffic growth has | For the City: The | Traffic growth has |
| Vehicle kilometres travelled. Data for | increased by 20.5% | decreased by 6.4% | 2022 figure was 570 | decreased by 13.6% |
| traffic growth is based on vehicle | since 2010 base | since 2010 base. | million miles for | since 2010 base. |
| kilometres travelled across the road | (however this is only | | traffic, a 1.3% | |
| network and the data covers the | up to 2020 which | 2021: 93.6% | increase from the | 2021: 86.4% |
| period 2010-17 with a 2010 base. | would be | 2020: 84.6% | pre-pandemic 2019 | 2020: 77.5% |
| Data is based on a variety of traffic | significantly | 2019: 103.7% | figure of 563 million. | 2019: 99.7% |
| count sources including permanent | impacted by Covid). | 2018: 103.1% | For Greater | 2018: 99.6% |
| and temporary traffic counters and a | | 2017: 104.1% | Nottingham: The | 2017: 99.6% |
| number of manual traffic counts | 2020: 79.5% | 2016: 102.8% | 2022 figure was | 2016: 98.2% |
| undertaken by Nottinghamshire | 2019: 100.3% | 2015: 102.5% | 1,685 million miles | 2015: 99.8% |
| County Council Highways department | 2018: 100.3% | 2014: 103.2% | for traffic, a 3.7% | 2014: 99.1% |
| and the Department for Transport. | 2017: 100.4% | 2013: 99.2% | decrease from 2019 | 2013: 98.4% |
| | 2016: 100.1% | 2012: 97.2% | figure of 1,750 | 2012: 95.8% |
| Source:- | 2015: 99.2% | 2011: 99.8% | million. | 2011: 97.5% |
| Transport Planning & Programme | 2014: 99.8% | 2010: 100.0% | In 2017 Traffic | 2010: 100.0% |
| Development, Nottinghamshire | 2013: 98.4% | | growth has | |
| County Council | 2012: 97.8% | | decreased by 4.5% | |
| | 2011: 99.5% | | since 2010 base. | |
| | 2010: 100.0% | | | |
| | | | 2017: 95.5% | |
| | | | 2016: 94.8% | |
| | | | 2015: 93.8% | |
| | | | 2014: 93.9% | |
| | | | 2013: 95.8% | |
| | | | 2012: 96.4% | |
| | | | 2011: 98.3% | |
| | | | 2010: 100.0% | |

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Cycle growth | <u>2010-17</u> | 2010-22 | 2010-22 | <u>2010-17</u> |
| | Cycle growth has | Cycle growth has | Cycle growth has | Cycle growth has |
| Number of cycling trips. Data for | decreased by 12.8% | increased by 14.8% | decreased by 24.1% | increased by 23.4% |
| growth in cycling trips is based on a | since 2010 base. | since 2010 base. | since 2010 base. | since 2010 base. |
| network of permanent cycle counters | | | | |
| across the council areas (6 in | 2021: 87.2% | 2022: 114.8% | 2022: 124.1% | 2022: 123.4% |
| Broxtowe, 5 in Gedling, 14 in | 2020: 104.3% | 2021: 118.3% | 2021: 121.6% | 2021: 122.8% |
| Nottingham City and 4 in Rushcliffe) | 2019: 104.4% | 2020: 145.7% | 2020: 125% | 2020: 162.8% |
| and the data covers the period 2010- | 2018: 111.3% | 2019: 104.4% | 2017: 136.8% | 2019: 120.3% |
| 17 with a 2010 base. | 2017: 111.9% | 2018: 112.3%2017: | 2016: 127.5% | 2018: 128.5% |
| | 2016: 113.0% | 108.4% | 2015: 127.9% | 2017: 119.5% |
| Source:- | 2015: 125.0% | 2016: 111.9% | 2014: 126.9% | 2016: 118.7% |
| Transport Planning & Programme | 2014: 130.0% | 2015: 113.1% | 2013: 117.9% | 2015: 114.9% |
| Development, Nottinghamshire | 2013: 114.2% | 2014: 111.2% | 2012: 110.1% | 2014: 114.0% |
| County Council | 2012: 107.8% | 2013: 105.8% | 2011: 109.2% | 2013: 100.2% |
| | 2011: 110.2% | 2012: 99.8% | 2010: 100.0% | 2012: 101.0% |
| | 2010: 100.0% | 2011: 107.6% | | 2011: 105.1% |
| | | 2010: 100.0% | | 2010: 100.0% |

Effective use of land

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| Number of housing completions – | 2011 to 2023: | 2011 to 2023: | 2011/23:17,225 | 2011 to 2023: |
| on previously developed land | 2,333 (90%) | 1,356 (35%) | (96.3%) | 2,312 (33%) |
| | | | 2022/23: 2,942 | |
| Includes new build, change of use | 2022/23: 352 (85%) | 2022/23: 222 (32%) | (99.7% | 2022/23: 158 (14%) |
| and conversion on previously | 2021/22: 335 (89%) | 2021/22: 91 (25%) | 2021/22: 2,657 | 2021/22: 193 (19%) |
| developed land since 2011. Figures | 2020/21: 256 | 2020/21: 92 (29%) | (98.6%) | 2020/21: 200 (30%) |
| are gross. Percentage is shown as | (80%)2019/20: 234 | 2019/20: 185 (50%) | 2020/21: 1,378 | 2019/20: 130 (26%) |
| percentage of dwellings on previously | (76%) | 2018/19: 175 (58%) | (97.7%), | 2018/17: 217 (27%) |
| developed land. | 2018/19: 190 (66%) | 2017/18: 141 (54%) | 2019/20:1,775 | 2017/18: 251 (41%) |
| | 2017/18: 297 (90%) | 2016/17: 103 (49%) | (97.7%) | 2016/17: 290 (52%) |
| Source:- | 2016/17: 159 (55%) | 2015/16: 53 (28%) | 2018/19:1,396 | 2015/16: 205 (42%) |
| Local authorities | 2015/16: 72 (66%) | 2014/15: 51 (16%) | (86.1%) | 2014/15: 236 (62%) |
| | 2014/15: 123 (90%) | 2013/14: 89 (27%) | 2017/18: 1,348 | 2013/14: 199 (36%) |
| | 2013/14: 133 (81%) | 2012/13: 25 (11%) | (95.4%) | 2012/13: 96 (35%) |
| | 2012/13: 80 (67%) | 2011/12: 129 (44%) | 2016/17: 1,515 | 2011/12: 137 (43%) |
| | 2011/12: 103 (67%) | | (93.7%) | |
| | | | 2015/16: 879 (92.1%) | |
| | | | 2014/15: 1,024 | |
| | | | (99.8%) | |
| | | | 2013/14: 801 (97.6%) | |
| | | | 2012/13: 820 (95.5%) | |
| | | | 2011/12: 690 (95.4%) | |

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Number of sites on Brownfield | 18 brownfield sites | 39 brownfield sites | 227 brownfield sites | 12 brownfield sites |
| Land Register | | | | |
| | 0 of these are no | 7 of these are no | 36 of these are no | 0 of these are no |
| Number of sites on the councils' | longer considered | longer considered | longer considered | longer considered |
| Brownfield Land Register. Part 1 of | brownfield land | brownfield land | brownfield land | brownfield land |
| the Register includes sites that the | | | | |
| Council considers suitable for | Not including sites | Not including sites | Not including sites | Not including sites |
| residential development. Inclusion in | with an end date, | with an end date, | with an end date, | with an end date, |
| Part 2 of the Register means that | there are 159.38 | there are 28.78 | there are 182.38 | there are 6.5 |
| sites will automatically be granted | hectares of | hectares of | hectares of | hectares of |
| 'permission in principle'. | brownfield land | brownfield land | brownfield land | brownfield land |
| An end date means a site is no longer | 0 sites have | 0 sites have | 0 sites have | 7 sites have |
| valid or active (e.g. fully built). | permission in | permission in | permission in | permission in |
| | principle | principle | principle | principle |
| Source:- | | | | |
| Local authorities | Information is also | Information is also | Information is also | Information is also |
| | available on the | available on the | available on the | available on the |
| | Digital Land website ⁹ | Digital Land | Digital Land | Digital Land |
| | | website ¹⁰ | website ¹¹ | website ¹² |

⁹ https://digital-land.github.io/resource/42fffc159db734c50a6cc34d5b473cfce18e40e2d8a19b954a07b256c174b118

 ¹⁰ https://digital-land.github.io/resource/fb922e16e6cfbb68f5d618b418e5773adf2cf6d48eaa8953685317e6667629e2
 ¹¹ https://digital-land.github.io/resource/7e41b7383b9eeb6ba0c93fb5b21931a0ff0f33663adc59214846dc4850347224
 ¹² https://digital-land.github.io/resource/8472e39b8d37be6d9e6e809af24c5ebdb111d2110a53775664bb48f601f3a8be

<u>Green Belt</u>

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|---|----------|----------|------------|------------|
| Area of Green Belt | 5,130 ha | 8,794 ha | 736.6 ha | 16,566 ha |
| Area of Green Belt in ha. | | | | |
| Source:- | | | | |
| Local authorities | | | | |
| Percentage of administrative area | 64% | 73% | 9.9% | 40.5% |
| designated as Green Belt | | | | |
| Percentage of area designated as | | | | |
| Green Belt. Figures based on data | | | | |
| from "Size of administrative area (ha)" | | | | |
| and "Area of Green Belt". | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Source:- | | | | |
| Local authorities | | | | |

Climate change and flooding

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|--|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Air Quality Management Area | <u>0 AQMA:</u> | <u>1 AQMA:</u> A60 | <u>1 AQMA:</u> | <u>1 AQMA:</u> |
| | | Mansfield Road from | Whole of Nottingham | Lady Bay |
| Number and location of Air Quality | 1 AQMA has now | its junction with | City | Bridge/Radcliffe |
| Management Area (AQMA). | been removed: | Oxclose Lane and | | Road junction, the |
| | (Twenty properties | Cross Street south to | | Trent Bridge/ |
| Air Quality Management Areas are | on parts of Iona | its junction with | | Loughborough |
| designated when levels of pollutants | Drive and Tiree | Egerton Road | | Road/Radcliffe Road |
| in local area are above the UK limits. | Close next to the M1 | | | junction and the |
| | motorway in Trowell) | | | Wilford Lane/ |
| Source:- | | | | Loughborough |
| Local authorities | | | | Road/Melton Road |
| | | | | junction in West |
| | | | | Bridgford |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Carbon dioxide emissions | 2022: 7.5 | 2022: 3.3 | 2022: 15.0 | 2022: 1.7 |
| estimates | 2021: 8.0 | 2021:3.7 | 2021: 15.7 | 2021: 1.6 |
| | 2020: 7.2 | 2020: 3.3 | 2020: 14.2 | 2020: 1.4 |
| End-user carbon dioxide emissions | 2019: 8.2 | 2019: 3.6 | 2019: 15.6 | 2019: 1.6 |
| (kt CO ₂). Estimates of carbon dioxide | 2018: 8.2 | 2018: 3.7 | 2018: 16.1 | 2018: 1.6 |
| emissions have been produced from | 2017: 8.4 | 2017: 3.6 | 2017: 16.3 | 2017: 5.7 |
| the following broad source categories: | 2016: 8.6 | 2016: 3.7 | 2016: 17.2 | 2016: 5.5 |
| industry, commercial & public sector, | 2015: 8.8 | 2015: 3.9 | 2015: 18.2 | 2015: 6.1 |
| domestic, transport and land use, | 2014: 8.9 | 2014: 4.0 | 2014: 18.6 | 2014: 6.1 |
| land use change and forestry. | 2013: 9.0 | 2013: 4.4 | 2013: 21.9 | 2013: 6.7 |
| Excludes large industrial sites, | 2012: 9.2 | 2012: 4.6 | 2012: 22.8 | 2012: 6.6 |
| railways, motorways and land-use. | 2011: 9.0 | 2011: 4.3 | 2011: 22.1 | 2011: 6.5 |
| Source:- | | | | |
| www.gov.uk website ¹³ | | | | |
| Average energy per meter – by | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 | 2021 |
| type | Domestic users | Domestic users | Domestic users | Domestic users |
| | Electricity: 3,316 | Electricity: 3,480 | Electricity: 3.235 | Electricity: 3,775 |
| Average electricity and gas use | Gas: 13,359 | Gas: 13,971 | Gas: 12,642 | Gas: 14,823 |
| (mean consumption) per meter in | Industrial and | Industrial and | Industrial and | Industrial and |
| kilowatt hours (kWh). | commercial (non- | commercial (non- | commercial (non- | commercial (non- |
| | domestic) users | domestic) users | domestic) users | domestic) users |
| Source:- | Electricity: 43,349 | Electricity: 50,855 | Electricity: 58,165 | Electricity: 60,379 |
| www.gov.uk website ¹⁴ | Gas: 1,230,206 | Gas: 1,148,489 | <u>Gas: 592,088</u> | Gas: 1,376,132 |
| | 2017 | 2017 | 2017 | 2017 |
| | Domestic users | Domestic users | Domestic users | Domestic users |
| | Electricity: 3,491 | Electricity: 3,718 | Electricity: 3,417 | Electricity: 3,943 |

 ¹³ <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/uk-local-authority-and-regional-carbon-dioxide-emissions-national-statistics</u>
 ¹⁴ Electricity data is available from <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/statistical-data-sets/regional-and-local-authority-electricity-consumption-statistics</u> and gas data is available from <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/statistical-data-sets/gas-sales-and-numbers-of-customers-by-region-and-local-authority</u>

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| | Gas: 14,078 | Gas: 14,756 | Gas: 12,738 | Gas: 15,927 |
| | Industrial and | Industrial and | Industrial and | Industrial and |
| | commercial (non- | <u>commercial (non-</u> | <u>commercial (non-</u> | commercial (non- |
| | domestic) users | domestic) users | domestic) users | domestic) users |
| | Electricity: 49,385 | Electricity: 54,575 | Electricity: 64,420 | Electricity: 63,930 |
| | Gas: 1,280,828 | Gas: 1,027,585 | Gas: 532,076 | Gas: 1,376.338 |
| | <u>2011</u> | <u>2011</u> | <u>2011</u> | <u>2011</u> |
| | Domestic users | Domestic users | Domestic users | Domestic users |
| | Electricity: 3,768 | Electricity: 3,986 | Electricity: 3,666 | Electricity: 4,231 |
| | Gas: 14,825 | Gas: 15,529 | Gas: 13,245 | Gas: 16,651 |
| | Industrial and | Industrial and | Industrial and | Industrial and |
| | commercial (non- | commercial (non- | commercial (non- | commercial (non- |
| | domestic) users | domestic) users | domestic) users | domestic) users |
| | Electricity: 55,821 | Electricity: 61,662 | Electricity: 75,318 | Electricity: 70,955 |
| | Gas: 563,249 | Gas: 880,835 | Gas: 697,090 | Gas: 1,157,517 |
| Energy consumption – by type | 2017 | 2017 | 2017 | 2017 |
| Final energy consumption in gigawatt | <u>Coal: 5.0</u> | Coal: 6.2 | Coal: 8.7 | Coal: 23.4 |
| hours (GWh) by coal*, manufactured | Manufactured | Manufactured fuels: | Manufactured fuels: | Manufactured fuels: |
| fuels**, petroleum**, gas, electricity | fuels:8.9 | 32.9 | 7.0 | 4.5 |
| and bioenergy & wastes. | Petroleum: 1,178.4 | Petroleum: 430.0 | Petroleum: 1,388.8 | Petroleum: 1,068.3 |
| | <u>Gas: 1,172.4</u> | Gas: 1,067.0 | <u>Gas: 2,333.8</u> | <u>Gas: 1,280.2</u> |
| * Includes coal/petroleum (as | Electricity: 332.1 | Electricity: 344.2 | Electricity: 1,240.4 | Electricity: 415.7 |
| appropriate) consumed in all the | Bioenergy & wastes: | Bioenergy & wastes: | Bioenergy & wastes: | Bioenergy & wastes: |
| following sectors: heat generation, | <u>27.0</u> | 28.0 | <u>63.6</u> | <u>28.5</u> |
| energy industry use, industry, public | | | | |
| administration, commercial, | <u>2016</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2016</u> |
| agriculture, miscellaneous. Excludes | Coal = 5.1 | Coal: 6.4 | Coal: 9.0 | Coal: 28.8 |
| petroleum used within the public | Manufactured fuels = | Manufactured fuels: | Manufactured fuels: | Manufactured fuels: |
| administration and agriculture sectors. | 9.4 | 67.9 | 6.3 | 4.3 |

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| | Petroleum = $1,162.8$ | Petroleum: 439.0 | Petroleum: 1,380.9 | Petroleum: 1,047.4 |
| ** Includes only manufactured solid | Gas = 1,142.1 | Gas: 955.4 | Gas: 2,347.1 | Gas: 1,021.7 |
| fuels and not derived gases. | Electricity = 333.2 | Electricity: 344.2 | Electricity: 1,229.6 | Electricity: 408.9 |
| | Bioenergy and | Bioenergy & wastes: | Bioenergy & wastes: | Bioenergy & wastes: |
| Source:- | Wastes = 27.2 | 28.2 | 64.0 | 29.7 |
| www.gov.uk website ¹⁵ | | | | |
| | <u>2011</u> | <u>2011</u> | <u>2011</u> | <u>2011</u> |
| | Coal = 7.4 | Coal: 10.3 | Coal: 11.8 | Coal: 47.5 |
| | Manufactured fuels = | Manufactured fuels: | Manufactured fuels: | Manufactured fuels: |
| | 10.3 | 47.4 | 5.8 | 9.9 |
| | Petroleum = $1,216.7$ | Petroleum: 425.4 | Petroleum: 1,456.6 | Petroleum: 938.8 |
| | Gas = 915.4 | Gas: 1,053.2 | Gas: 2,685.4 | Gas: 1,204.7 |
| | Electricity = 349.9 | Electricity: 359.2 | Electricity: 1,316.6 | Electricity: 419.1 |
| | Bioenergy and | Bioenergy & wastes: | Bioenergy & wastes: | Bioenergy & wastes: |
| | Wastes = 15.8 | 17.7 | 59.2 | 16.2 |

¹⁵ https://www.gov.uk/government/statistical-data-sets/total-final-energy-consumption-at-regional-and-local-authority-level

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Residential and non-residential | Flood Zone 2: | Flood Zone 2: | Flood Zone 2: | Flood Zone 2: |
| properties in Flood Zones 2 and 3 | 8,369 residential | 5,583 residential | 16.524 residential | 10,880 residential |
| | properties | properties | properties | properties |
| Number of fluvial and costal flood risk | 781 non-residential | 968 non-residential | 3,172 non-residential | 1,374 non-residential |
| property counts within Flood Zones 2 | properties | properties | properties | properties |
| and 3. | Total 9,150 | Total 6,551 | Total 19,696 | Total 12,254 |
| | properties | properties | properties | properties |
| Land within flood zone 2 is shown to | | | | |
| have between a 1 in 100 and 1 in | Flood Zone 3: | | Flood Zone 3: | Flood Zone 3: |
| 1,000 annual probability of river | 5,281 residential | Flood Zone 3: | 8,269 residential | 8,756 residential |
| flooding. Land within flood zone 3 is | properties | 3,389 residential | properties | properties |
| shown to have a 1 in 100 or greater | 448 non-residential | properties | 1,238 non-residential | 1,136 non-residential |
| annual probability of river flooding. | properties | 745 non-residential | properties | properties |
| | Total 5,729 | properties | Total 9,507 | Total 9,892 |
| Source:- | properties | Total 4,134 | properties | properties |
| Environment Agency | | properties | | |

Natural environment

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|--|--|---|--|---|
| Number of open space managed to green flag award standard Number of winners awarded for Green Flag Award in 2023. The Green Flag Award is the benchmark national standard for publicly accessible parks and green spaces in the United Kingdom. <u>Source:-</u> Green Flag Award website www.greenflagaward.org.uk | <u>2 sites</u> Bramcote Hills Park Colliers Wood | <u>5 sites</u> Arnot Hill Park Gedling Country Park Burton Road Jubilee Park Bestwood Country Park Breck Hill Park | <u>15 sites</u> Arboretum Bulwell Forest Recreation Ground Bulwell (Northern) Cemetery Colwick Country Park Forest Recreation Ground High Wood Cemetery Highfields Park Southern (Wilford Hill) Cemetery Vernon Park Victoria Embankment Victoria Park Wollaton Hall & Deer Park Woodthorpe Grange Park Lenton Recreation Ground Bulwell Bogs | 2 sites - Rushcliffe Country Park - Sharphill Wood |

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|--|----------|---------|------------|------------|
| Number of open space managed to other award standard | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Number of winners awarded for Green Flag Community Award and Green Heritage Award in 2023. | | | | |
| <u>Source:-</u> Local authorities | | | | |

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|--|---|--|---|---|
| Number and area of Sites of Special Scientific InterestNumber and area of Sites of Special Scientific Interest.Sites of Special Scientific Interest are designated by Natural England under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981.Source:- Natural England website16 | <u>5 Sites of Special</u> <u>Scientific Interest:-</u> Attenborough Gravel Pits (226.57 ha) Kimberley Railway Cutting (5.37 ha) Robbinetts (6.31 ha) Seller's Wood (13.86 ha) (site overlaps with Nottingham City) Sledder Wood Meadows (7.92 ha) | <u>1 Site of Special</u> <u>Scientific Interest:-</u> • Linby Quarries (38.69 ha) | <u>3 Sites of Special</u> <u>Scientific Interest:-</u> Colwick Cutting (2.07 ha) Holme Pit (4.12 ha) Seller's Wood (13.86 ha) (site overlaps with Broxtowe) | <u>8 Sites of Special</u> <u>Scientific Interest:-</u> Barnstone Railway cutting (1.51 ha) Gotham Hill Pastures (8.46 ha) Kinoulton Marsh and Canal (2.72 ha) Normanton Pastures (16.34 ha) Orston Plaster Pits (4.65 ha) Rushcliffe Golf Course (19.48 ha) Wilford Claypits (2.17 ha) Willwell Cutting (LNR) (7.34 ha) |

¹⁶ <u>https://designatedsites.naturalengland.org.uk</u>

List of Sites of Special Scientific Interest Location **Reason for Designation** Name Attenborough Gravel Pits SSSI is a nationally important site for its lowland eutrophic open waters with Attenborou Broxtowe gh Gravel emergent vegetation, wet floodplain woodland, unimproved floodplain grassland, a rich assemblage of breeding birds associated with lowland open waters and their margins, and wintering shoveler Anas Pits clypeata and bittern Botaurus stellaris. A key palaeobotanical locality yielding a distinctive Permian flora. Dominated by its common conifer Kimberley Broxtowe Railway remains this flora is also remarkable for the rare specimens of the pteridosperm Lepidopteris martinsii. Cutting A nationally important locality for its Permian gymnosperm floras, particularly representative of the predominantly Mesozoic Peltaspermaceae. This site contains one of the best examples of acidic grassland in the county. Its mosaic of grassland Robbinetts. Broxtowe Cossall types, varying in wetness and acidity is typical of the West Nottinghamshire Coal Measures which now support few remaining areas of unimproved grassland. The site is a fine example of broad-leaved semi-natural woodland and is of Regional importance. Seller's Broxtowe Wood Sledder The site comprises a fine series of species-rich neutral grasslands and is of Regional importance. Broxtowe Wood Meadows Gedling Linby The site is the best remaining area of mixed calcareous scrub in Nottinghamshire and is of Regional Quarries importance. Colwick Nottingha This site is the type section of the Triassic Colwick Formation, a major rock unit comprising mudstones, siltstones and thin sandstone arranged in coarsening-upwards units. A variety of Cutting m sedimentary structures including ripple marks, wavy bedding, halite pseudomorphs and abundant desiccation cracks are seen. The facies probably represents marine intertidal conditions, an environmental interpretation consistent with the discovery of the brachiopod Lingula elsewhere in the formation. The age of the formation is probably Anisian-Ladinian and it can be correlated with other 'Waterstones' facies in the English Midlands. Holme Pit Nottingha The site contains some of the best remaining areas of marsh, reedswamp and open water in Nottinghamshire and is of Regional importance. m Seller's Nottingha The site is a fine example of broad-leaved semi-natural woodland and is of Regional importance. Wood m

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| Barnstone Railway Cutting | Rushcliffe | This site, a narrow, steep-sided disused railway cutting in the Lower Lias of south-east Nottinghamshire, supports the largest known population remaining in Britain of a nationally scarce moth. This species, considered vulnerable to extinction, is presently known only from four other sites in the country, hence the conservation and appropriate management of the cutting provides the best opportunity of retaining the moth in Britain. The site also supports a significant assemblage of notable and local insects, particularly beetles, moths and flies, which are characteristic of limestone grassland and wetlands of eastern England. |
|---------------------------------|------------|--|
| | | The cutting is a mosaic of long grassland and scrub. The former is dominated by upright brome <i>Bromus erectus</i> and false oat grass <i>Arrhenatherum elatius</i> , amongst which occur abundant black knapweed <i>Centaurea nigra</i> , wild carrot <i>Daucus carota</i> , quaking grass <i>Briza media</i> , field bindweed <i>Convolvulus arvensis</i> , hoary ragwort <i>Senecio erucifolius</i> , and rough hawkbit <i>Leontodon hispidus</i> . Hawthorn <i>Crataegus monogyna</i> and ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i> are the commonest scrub species. Pools and a flowing ditch at the south-eastern end of the site comprise the wetland habitats in contrast to the dry grassy slopes. Reedmace <i>Typha latifolia</i> occurs in a tall fen vegetation with false fox sedge <i>Carex</i> <i>otrubae</i> , great willowherb <i>Epilobium hirsutum</i> , tufted hair grass <i>Deschampsia cespitosa</i> and hard and jointed rushes <i>Juncus inflexus</i> and <i>J. articulatus</i> . |
| Gotham Hill Pasture | Rushcliffe | The site comprises one of the best mixed pastures and associated grassland in Nottinghamshire, and is representative of species-rich grassland developed on calcareous and neutral clays in Central and Eastern England. |
| Kinoulton Marsh and Canal | Rushcliffe | http://magic.defra.gov.uk/MagicMap.aspx?startTopic=Designations&activelayer=sssiIndex&query=HY PERLINK='1000873' The site includes some of the richest marsh and open water habitats remaining in Nottinghamshire and is representative of wetland plant communities on relatively base-rich soils in Central and Eastern England. |
| Normanton Pastures | Rushcliffe | The site comprises one of the best remaining examples of neutral pasture in Nottinghamshire, and is representative of species-rich grasslands developed on clay-loam soils in Central and Eastern England. |
| Orston Plaster Pits | Rushcliffe | The site comprises one of the best mixed-habitat sites in Nottinghamshire and contains examples of neutral and calcareous grassland and eutrophic open water communities which are representative of these habitats in central and eastern England. |

| Rushcliffe | Rushcliffe | The site contains some of the best examples of calcareous and neutral grassland remaining in |
|------------|------------|---|
| Golf | | Nottinghamshire and is representative of species rich grassland on calcareous loam soils in Central |
| Course | | and Eastern England. |
| Wilford | Rushcliffe | The site contains one of the best remaining areas of marsh in Nottinghamshire and is representative |
| Claypits | | of marsh communities on somewhat base-rich soils in Central and Southern England. |
| Wilwell | Rushcliffe | The site contains some of the best examples of neutral grassland and marsh remaining in |
| Cutting | | Nottinghamshire and is representative of these habitats in Central and Eastern England. |

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|--|----------|---------|------------|------------|
| Number and area of National Nature Reserves | None | None | None | None |
| Number and area of National Nature Reserves. | | | | |
| National Nature Reserves were established to protect some of most important habitats, species and geology, and to provide 'outdoor laboratories' for research. For clarification, Sherwood Forest National Nature Reserve falls outside the HMA and Attenborough Nature Reserve in Broxtowe is not a National Nature Reserve. | | | | |
| <u>Source:-</u> www.gov.uk website ¹⁷ | | | | |

¹⁷ https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/national-nature-reserves-in-england#east-midlands-nnrs

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| Number and area of Local Nature | 15 Local Nature | <u>5 Local Nature</u> | 14 Local Nature | 8 Local Nature |
| Reserves | <u>Reserves:-</u> Alexandrina | <u>Reserves:-</u> Gedling Country | <u>Reserves:-</u> Beeston Sidings | Reserves:- Bingham Linear |
| Number and area of Local Nature Reserves. Local Nature Reserves are non- statutory habitat of local significance designed by a local authority where protection and pubic understanding of nature conservation is encouraged under the powers of the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949. <u>Source:-</u> Local authorities | Plantation Bramcote Hills Park Woodland Brinsley Headstocks Colliers Wood Hall Om Wong Hall Park King George's Park Nottingham Canal Pit Lane Recreation Ground Sandy Lane Public Open Space Smithurst Meadows Stapleford Hill Toton Fields Watnall Green Watnall Spinney (total 121.2 ha) | Gedling Country Park Gedling House Meadow Gedling House Woods Netherfield Lagoons The Hobbucks (total 178.29 ha) | Brecks Plantation Bulwell Hall Park Meadows Clifton Grove, Clifton Woods & Holme Pit Pond Colwick Woods Glapton Wood Harrison Plantation Hucknall Road Linear Walkway Martins Pond Sandy Banks Sellers Wood Springfield Corner/ Moorbridge Pond Sunrise Hill Wollaton Park (total 302.97 ha) | bingham Emeal Walk Keyworth Meadows Meadow Covert Rushcliffe Country Park Sharphill Wood Sutton Bonington Spinney and Meadow The Hook Wilwell Farm Cutting (total 87 ha) |

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Number and area of Local Wildlife | 140 Local Wildlife | 78 Local Wildlife | 54 Local Wildlife | 219 Local Wildlife |
| Sites and Local Geological Sites | Sites | Sites | Sites | Sites |
| _ | Total 973.8 ha | Total 1,247.11 ha | Total 697 ha | Total 1,908 ha |
| Number and total area of Local | | | | |
| Wildlife Sites and Local Geological | 9 Local Geological | 5 Local Geological | 24 Local Geological | 4 Local Geological |
| Sites. | Sites | Sites | Sites | Sites |
| | Total 3.89 ha | Total 20.68 ha | Total 8.96 ha | Total 3.12 ha |
| Local Wildlife Sites are a non- | | | | |
| statutory designation used to identify | (2023) | (2023) | (2023) | (2023) |
| high quality wildlife sites. They include | | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | , |
| semi-natural habits such as ancient | | | | |
| woodland and flower-rich grassland. | | | | |
| Formerly known as Sites of | | | | |
| Importance for Nature Conservation | | | | |
| (SINCs). Local Geological Sites are a | | | | |
| non-statutory designation that is of | | | | |
| local importance for its geological | | | | |
| interest. Sites showing special | | | | |
| geological features and/or | | | | |
| representing the variation in the rock | | | | |
| types. Formerly known as Regional | | | | |
| important Geological Sites (RIGSs). | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Source:- | | | | |
| Nottinghamshire Biological & | | | | |
| Geological Records Centre and | | | | |
| Derbyshire Wildlife Trust | | | | |
| | | | | |

| Woodland area | Total 603.4 ha | Total 1,795.8 ha | Total 410.8 ha | Total 2,024.04 ha |
|---|---|---|---|--|
| Type and area of woodland by hectares. Information taken from the Forestry Commission National Forest Inventory (dated March 2020). Source:- Forestry Commission | Broadleaved: 500 ha Conifer: 55.9 ha Mixed predominantly Broadleaved: 8.6 ha Mixed predominantly Confier: 11.1 ha Coppice: 4.4 ha Coppice: 4.4 ha Coppice with Standards: 0 ha Young Trees: 11.1 ha Low Density: 0 ha Assumed Woodland: 3.9 ha Ground Prepared for new planting: 0.6 ha Shrub: 0 ha Felled: 7.8 ha Failed: 0 ha Windblow: 0 ha Uncertain: 0 ha | Broadleaved: 1,053.6 ha Conifer: 371.6 ha Mixed predominantly Broadleaved: 26.3 ha Mixed predominantly Conifer: 34.8 ha Coppice: 0 ha Coppice: 0 ha Coppice with Standards: 0 ha Coppice with Standards: 0 ha Young Trees: 116.7 ha Low Density: 3.3 ha Assumed Woodland: 30.9 ha Ground Prepared for new planting: 79.0 ha Shrub: 4.8 ha Felled: 36.3 ha Failed: 0 ha Windblow: 0 ha Uncertain: 0 ha | Broadleaved: 386 ha Conifer: 3.2 ha Mixed predominantly Broadleaved: 3 ha Mixed predominantly Confider: 2.2 ha Coppice: 0 ha Coppice: 0 ha Coppice with Standards: 0 ha Young Trees: 9.8 ha Low Density: 0 ha Assumed Woodland: 0.4 ha Ground Prepared for new planting: 0 ha Shrub: 0 ha Felled: 3.9 ha Failed: 0 ha Windblow: 0 ha Uncertain: 0 ha Open Water: 0.6 ha | Broadleaved: 1,375.58 ha Conifer: 158.03 ha Mixed predominantly Broadleaved: 55.78 ha Mixed predominantly Confider: 71.44 ha Coppice: 0 ha Coppice with Standards: 0 ha Young Trees: 138.34 ha Low Density: 0.55 ha Assumed Woodland: 151.83 ha Ground Prepared for new planting: 20.43 ha Shrub: 14.13 ha Felled: 28.61 ha Failed: 0 ha Windblow: 0 ha |

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|--|--|--|---|---|
| | | Open Water: 0.9 ha Grassland: 17.0 ha Urban: 20.6 ha | Grassland: 1.7 ha | Uncertain: 0 ha Grassland: 8.14 ha Urban: 0.57 ha |
| Ancient woodland area | Total 175.9 ha | Total 56.6 ha | Total 49.3 ha | Total 84.98 ha |
| Type and area of ancient woodland by hectares. | Ancient & Semi- Natural Woodland: 125.8 ha | Ancient & Semi- Natural Woodland: 56.6 ha | Ancient & Semi- Natural Woodland: 43.2 ha | Ancient & Semi- Natural Woodland: 85.0 ha |
| Source:- | Ancient Replanted | Ancient Replanted | Ancient Replanted | Ancient Replanted |
| Forestry Commission 2023 | Woodland: 50.1 ha | Woodland: 0 ha | Woodland: 6.1 ha | Woodland: 3.2 ha |

Historic environment

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|---|---|---|--|---|
| Number and area of Conservation Areas | <u>16 Conservation</u> <u>Areas:-</u> • Attenborough | 6 Conservation Areas:- • Bestwood Village | 32 Conservation Areas:- • Alfreton | <u>31 Conservation</u> <u>Areas:-</u> • Aslockton |
| Number and name of Conservation Areas. Total area of Conservation Areas is provided. Source:- Local authorities | Chilwell Bramcote Chilwell Cottage Grove Brinsley Eastwood Church Street Stapleford Nottingham Road Stapleford Kimberley Barratt Lane Attenborough Nuthall Cossall Strelley Beeston West End St Johns Grove Beeston Sandiacre Total area: 276.7 ha | Calverton Lambley Linby Papplewick Woodborough Total area: 181.25 ha | Road/Gamble Street Arboretum Basford Hall Bulwell Canning Circus Castle Clifton Village Elm Avenue and Corporation Oaks Forest Grove Hine Hall Lace Market Mapperley Hospital Mapperley Park and Alexandra Park Middleton Boulevard New Lenton Nottingham Canal Old Lenton | Bingham Bradmore Bunny Car Colston Colston Bassett Costock Cropwell Bishop Cropwell Butler East Bridgford East Leake Edwalton Flintham Granby Hawksworth Hickling Keyworth Kneeton Langar Normanton on the Wolds Orston Ruddington Scarrington Sutton Bonington Thoroton |

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| Number of Listed Buildings | <u>Total 156</u> | <u>Total 195</u> | <u>Total 806</u> | Total 682 |
| | 5 Grade I | 6 Grade I | 11 Grade I | 35 Grade I |
| Number of Listed Buildings by Grade | 11 Grade II* | 15 Grade II* | 39 Grade II* | 22 Grade II* |
| I, Grade II* and Grade II in 2023. | 140 Grade II | 174 Grade II | 756 Grade II | 625 Grade II |
| Source:- | See Historic | See Historic | See Historic | See Historic |
| Historic England's National Heritage | England's National | England's National | England's National | England's National |
| List for England webpage ¹⁸ | Heritage List for | Heritage List for | Heritage List for | Heritage List for |
| | England webpage | England webpage | England webpage | England webpage |
| | for listing | for listing | for listing | for listing |
| Number of Scheduled Monuments Number of Scheduled Monuments in 2023. Source:- Historic England's National Heritage List for England webpage ¹⁹ | <u>6 Scheduled</u> <u>Monuments:-</u> Anglian high Cross in the churchyard of St Helen's Church Beauvale Carthusian Priory Coal mining remains at Broad Oak Farm Fishponds 90m south east St Mary's Church | <u>9 Scheduled</u> <u>Monuments:-</u> Bestwood Colliery engine house Cockpitt Hill, Ramsdale Park Fox Wood earthworks Papplewick Pumping Station Round Hill Site of Abbey Church | <u>10 Scheduled</u> <u>Monuments:-</u> Cellar under No 8, Castle Gate Rock cut houses N of Castle Boulevard Rock cut houses S of Nottingham Castle Caves at Drury Hill Medieval city wall Nottingham | <u>27 Scheduled</u> <u>Monuments:-</u> Bingham medieval settlement, immediately west of Carnarvon School Civil War gun battery 50m south west of St Peters and St Paul's Church Civil War gun |
| | Greasley Castle Moat and fishpond at Strelley, 240m | Standing Cross known as Bottom Cross | Castle • St John Baptist's Church and | battery and covered way immediately |

https://www.historicengland.org.uk/listing/the-list
 https://www.historicengland.org.uk/listing/the-list

| Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|----------|---------|------------|--|
| Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Newbold medieval settlement and part of the open field system, 330m north east of Manor Farm Old Trent Bridge Roman site on Red Hill |
| | | | Romano-British nucleated enclosed settlement and Roman villa complex at Glebe Farm Saxon cemetery SW of Broughton Lodge |
| | | | St Mary's Church St Wilfrid's Church and churchyard Standing cross |
| | | | on Upper Broughton village green Succession of rectilinear |

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|---|------------------|---|--|--|
| Number and area of Parks and | None | 4 Parks and | 10 Parks and | 4 Parks and |
| Garden | | Gardens:- | Gardens:- | Gardens:- |
| Number and area of Parks and Garden in 2023. Source:- Historic England's National Heritage List for England webpage ²⁰ | Total area: 0 ha | Bestwood Pumping Station Newstead Abbey Papplewick Hall Papplewick Pumping Station Total area: 15.35 ha | Bagthorpe Gardens Church Cemetery (AKA Rock Cemetery) Clifton Grove General Cemetery Gorseyclose Gardens Highfields Park Nottingham Arboretum Victoria Embankment Memorial Gardens Wollaton Park Jewish Burial Ground, North Sherwood Street Total area: 315 ha The Castle is not included as it is not officially a designated park. | Flintham Hall Holme Pierrepont Hall Kingston Hall Stanford Hall Total area: 256.3 ha |

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Number of heritage assets – at risk | 7 heritage assets at | 5 heritage assets at | 22 heritage assets at | 6 heritage assets at |
| | <u>risk:-</u> | <u>risk:-</u> | <u>risk:-</u> | <u>risk:-</u> |
| Number of heritage assets at risk in | | | | |
| 2023. | 3 Listed Buildings:- | 3 Listed Buildings:- | 7 Listed Buildings:- | 1 Listed Building:- |
| | The Summer | Church of the | | Flintham Hall |
| Source:- | House, at The | Good Shepard, | 1 Conservation | Conservatory |
| Historic England's Heritage at Risk | Yews, Kimberley | Woodthorpe | Areas:- | |
| webpage ²¹ | Road | Porch to Engine | • | 3 Places of worship |
| | Bennerley | House, | | Church of St |
| | Viaduct | Papplewick | 1 Scheduled | Giles Cropwell |
| | Willoughby | Newstead Abbey | Monument:- | Bishop |
| | Almshouses and | and adjoining | | Church of St |
| | adjoining | boundary wall, | | Andrew Langar |
| | Boundary Wall, | Newstead | | Church of St |
| | Church Lane, | | | Helen Thoroton |
| | Cossall | 2 Scheduled | | |
| | | Monuments:- | | 2 Scheduled |
| | 3 Conservation | Round Hill, | | Monuments:- |
| | Areas:- | Lambley | | Margidunum |
| | Eastwood | Papplewick | | Roman Station nr |
| | Kimberley | Pumping Station, | | East Bridgford |
| | Nuthall | Ravenshead | | Rectilinear |
| | | | | enclosures |
| | 1 Scheduled | | | Shelford |
| | Monument:- | | | |
| | Greasley Castle | | | |
| Number of accredited museums | 1 accredited | 2 accredited | 8 accredited | 1 accredited |
| | <u>museum:-</u> | <u>museums:-</u> | <u>museums:-</u> | <u>museum:-</u> |

 ²⁰ <u>https://www.historicengland.org.uk/listing/the-list</u>
 ²¹ <u>https://historicengland.org.uk/advice/heritage-at-risk</u>

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|---|-------------|--|--|----------------------|
| Number of accredited museums in 2023. Non-accredited museums are not included such as Nottingham Transport Heritage Centre/Great Central Railway, Ruddington Framework Knitters Museum and Ruddington Village Museum in Rushcliffe. <u>Source:-</u> Local authorities <u>https://www.artscouncil.org.uk/accredi</u> <u>tation-scheme/about-</u> <u>accreditation#section-4</u> | DH Lawrence | Papplewick Pumping Station Newstead Abbey | Nottingham Castle Museum of Nottingham Life Wollaton Hall Natural History Museum Nottingham Industrial Museum, Wollaton Park Greens Windmill, Sneinton Galleries of Justice Museum of the Mercian Regiment (hosted within Castle) Museum of Archaeology, University of Nottingham | • Flintham Museum |

Sustainable use of materials

| Mineral Safeguarded Areas – | | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|---|-----------------------|----------|----------|------------|------------|
| Economic Resource | Surface Coal | 3,891 ha | 0 ha | 446 ha | 0 ha |
| Defined by area (hectares). | Sand and Gravel | 1,122 ha | 463 ha | 1,368 ha | 3,627 ha |
| * Safeguarded areas around existing sand quarries. | Sherwood Sandstone | 0 ha | 463 ha * | 0 ha | 363 ha * |
| ** Single Hard Rock Limestone Quarry | Brick Clay | 0 ha | 1,725 ha | 0 ha | 0 ha |
| at Linby. | Limestone | 0 ha | 3 ha ** | 0 ha | 0 ha |
| Source:- Nottinghamshire County Council. Data is based on the British Geological Survey 2003. Digital Geological Map of Great Britain 1:625 000 [DiGiMap- 625] Superficial Deposits [CD-Rom] Version 1.0 Keyworth, Nottingham : British Geological Survey. Release date 30-04-2003. | Gypsum | 0 ha | 0 ha | 0 ha | 11,041 ha |

Traveller sites

| | Broxtowe | Gedling | Nottingham | Rushcliffe |
|---|--------------|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Number of gypsy and traveller | 2011 to 2023 | 2011 to 2023 | 2011 to 2023 | 2011 to 2023 |
| pitches and travelling showpeople | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 |
| plots | | | | |
| | | | There were no | 2022/23: 0 |
| Number of pitches and plots. | | | transit pitches and | 2021/22: 0 |
| | | | 60 permanent | 2020/21: 0 |
| Annex 1: Glossary of the Planning | | | pitches (including 20 | 2019/20: 0 |
| Policy for Travellers Sites (2015) | | | travelling show | 2018/19: 6 |
| provides the following definitions: | | | people) are known to | 2017/18: 0 |
| "pitch" means as a pitch on a "gypsy | | | exist in the council | 2016/17: 3 |
| and traveller" site and "plot" means a | | | area (2018) | 2015/16: 0 |
| pitch on a "travelling showpeople" site | | | | 2014/15: 0 |
| (often called a "yard"). This | | | | 2013/14: 0 |
| terminology differentiates between | | | | 2012/13: 4 |
| residential pitches for "gypsies and | | | | 2011/12: 1 |
| travellers" and mixed-use plots for | | | | |
| "travelling showpeople", which may / | | | | Notes Rushcliffe only |
| will need to incorporate space or to be | | | | monitor number of |
| split to allow for the storage of | | | | caravans |
| equipment. | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Source:- | | | | |
| Local authorities | | | | |